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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:03:17 ON 17 OCT 2006)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:04:23 ON 17 OCT 2006 E US2004-823494/APPS

1 1 SEN ARR-ON DIN-ON 119200

L1 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US2004-823494/AP
D SCAN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:04:50 ON 17 OCT 2006

L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

D QUE L2

L3 50 SEA SSS SAM L2

4 3536 SEA SSS FUL L2

SAVE L4 DAVIS494/A TEMP

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:05:41 ON 17 OCT 2006

L5 1719 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:05:45 ON 17 OCT 2006

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 15:05:48 ON 17 OCT 2006

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:07:42 ON 17 OCT 2006

L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

D QUE L6

L7 0 SEA SUB=L4 SSS SAM L6

L8 2 SEA SUB=L4 SSS FUL L6

D SCAN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:08:55 ON 17 OCT 2006

L9 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8

L10 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L1 OR L9)

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 15:09:12 ON 17 OCT 2006

L11 0 SEA SSS FUL L6

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:09:24 ON 17 OCT 2006

L12 0 SEA SSS SAM L6

L13 4 SEA SSS FUL L6

L14 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13/COM

L15 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 NOT L9

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:10:09 ON 17 OCT 2006

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:10:59 ON 17 OCT 2006

L16 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L17 29 SEA SUB=L4 SSS SAM L16

L18 743 SEA SUB=L4 SSS FUL L16

SAVE L18 DAVIS494SUB/A TEMP

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:15:17 ON 17 OCT 2006

L19 36 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18

L20 22 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

L21 36 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L19 OR L1)

E BRIDGER G/AU

Page 1 of 128

L22	143	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BRIDGER G"/AU OR "BRIDGER G J"/AU OR "BRIDGER G L"/AU OR "BRIDGER G M"/AU OR "BRIDGER G P"/AU OR "BRIDGER G W"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY J"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY JAMES"/AU) E MCEACHERN E/AU
L23	27	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("MCEACHERN E"/AU OR "MCEACHERN E J"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNEST J"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNEST JOHN"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNIE J"/AU) E SKERLJ R/AU
L24	68	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SKERLJ R"/AU OR "SKERLJ R T"/AU OR "SKERLJ RENATO" TONY"/AU) E SCHOLS D/AU
L25	205	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SCHOLS D"/AU OR "SCHOLS DOMINIQUE"/AU OR "SCHOLS DOMINQUE"/AU)
L26	52	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L22 AND (L23 OR L24 OR L25)) OR (L23 AND (L24 OR L25)) OR (L24 AND L25)
L27	52	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L22 AND (L23 OR L24 OR L25))
L28		SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L23 AND (L24 OR L25))
L29		SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND L25
L30		SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L27 AND (L28 OR L29)) OR (L28 AND L29) E CHEMOKINE/CT E E4+ALL E CHEMOKINE/CT
L31	34	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND (?CHEMOKINE?)
L32	38	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L31 OR L30)
L33	14	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 NOT L32
L34	12	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L33 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)
L35	. 50	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L34 OR L32)
L36	34	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 NOT L32

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:21:06 ON 17 OCT 2006
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 17 Oct 2006 VOL 145 ISS 17 FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 Oct 2006 (20061015/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d que 132 L22 143 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BRIDGER G"/AU OR "BRIDGER G"
Page 2 of 128

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		P"/AU OR "BRIDGER G W"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY"/AU OR "BRIDGER
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		OR "MCEACHERN ERNEST JOHN"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNIE J"/AU)
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L25	205	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SCHOLS D"/AU OR "SCHOLS
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		(200 of 201 of 200)
L28	12	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L23 AND (L24 OR L25))
L29		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND L25
L30		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L27 AND (L28 OR L29)) OR
		(L28 AND L29)
L31	34	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND (?CHEMOKINE?)
L32		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L31 OR L30)
		( )

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L32 ANSWER 1 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1313985 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:51456

TITLE:

Preparation of acylaminoalkylpiperidinamines as CCR5

chemokine receptor ligands

INVENTOR(S):

Zhou, Yuanxi; Bridger, Gary J.; Skerlj,

Renato T.; Bogucki, David; Yang, Wen; Bourque, Elyse; Langille, Jonathan; Li, Tong-Shuang; Metz,

Markus

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 83 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 12,002.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005277668 US 2005277670	A1 A1	20051215 20051215	US 2005-152589 US 2004-12002	20050614 20041213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				2 20031211
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	144:51456		

AB Title compds. [I; R1 = (substituted) aryl, heteroaryl; R2 = (substituted) pyridyl; R3 = (substituted) aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalka-fused Ph; R4 = H, alkyl; n = 0, 1], were prepared Thus, [1-[(R)-3-amino-1-methylpropyl]piperidin-4-yl](4-methoxyphenyl)(4-methylpyridin-3-ylmethyl)amine, 6-chloro-2,4-dimethylnicotinic acid, HOBT, EDCI, and disopropylethylamine were stirred together in DMF overnight to give 80% title compound (II). Many I inhibited HIV-1 in vitro with IC50's in the range 0.01 nM to 50 μM.

L32 ANSWER 2 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1214996 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:106405

TITLE:

Pro-inflammatory properties of stromal cell-derived

factor-1 (CXCL12) in collagen-induced arthritis

AUTHOR(S): De Klerck, Bert; Geboes, Lies; Hatse, Sigrid;

Kelchtermans, Hilde; Meyvis, Yves; Vermeire, Kurt;

Bridger, Gary; Billiau, Alfons; Schols,

Dominique; Matthys, Patrick

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory of Immunobiology, Rega Institute, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Louvain, Belg.

SOURCE:

Arthritis Research & Therapy (2005), 7(6), R1208-R1220

CODEN: ARTRCV; ISSN: 1478-6362

URL: <a href="http://arthritis-research.com/content/pdf/ar1806">http://arthritis-research.com/content/pdf/ar1806</a>.

pdf

PUBLISHER:

BioMed Central Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

AB CXCL12 (stromal cell-derived factor 1) is a unique biol. ligand for the chemokine receptor CXCR4. We previously reported that treatment with a specific CXCR4 antagonist, AMD3100, exerts a beneficial effect on the development of collagen-induced arthritis (CIA) in the highly susceptible IFN-γ receptor-deficient (IFN-γR KO) mouse. We concluded that CXCL12 plays a central role in the pathogenesis of CIA in IFN-γR KO mice by promoting delayed type hypersensitivity against the auto-antigen and by interfering with chemotaxis of CXCR4+ cells to the inflamed joints. Here, we investigated whether AMD3100 can likewise inhibit CIA in wild-type mice and analyzed the

underlying mechanism. Parenteral treatment with the drug at the time of onset of arthritis reduced disease incidence and modestly inhibited severity in affected mice. This beneficial effect was associated with reduced serum concns. of IL-6. AMD3100 did not affect anti-collagen type II antibodies and, in contrast with its action in IFN- $\gamma R$  KO mice, did not inhibit the delayed type hypersensitivity response against collagen type II, suggesting that the beneficial effect cannot be explained by inhibition of humoral or cellular autoimmune responses. AMD3100 inhibited the in vitro chemotactic effect of CXCL12 on splenocytes, as well as in vivo leukocyte infiltration in CXCL12containing s.c. air pouches. We also demonstrate that, in addition to its effect on cell infiltration, CXCL12 potentiates receptor activator of NF-κB ligand-induced osteoclast differentiation from splenocytes and increases the calcium phosphate-resorbing capacity of these osteoclasts, both processes being potently counteracted by AMD3100. Our observations indicate that CXCL12 acts as a pro-inflammatory factor in the pathogenesis of autoimmune arthritis by attracting inflammatory cells to joints and by stimulating the differentiation and activation of osteoclasts.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 3 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:690115 HCAPLUS Full-text

26

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:205830

TITLE:

AMD3465, a monomacrocyclic CXCR4 antagonist and potent

HIV entry inhibitor

AUTHOR(S):

Hatse, Sigrid; Princen, Katrien; De Clercq, Erik;

Rosenkilde, Mette M.; Schwartz, Thue W.; Hernandez-Abad, Pedro E.; Skerlj, Renato T.;

Bridger, Gary J.; Schols, Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory of Virology and Chemotherapy, Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Louvain, B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE:

Biochemical Pharmacology (2005), 70(5), 752-761 CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

Elsevier B.V.

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: AB The chemokine receptors CCR5 and CXCR4 function as coreceptors for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and are attractive targets for the development of anti-HIV drugs. The most potent CXCR4 antagonists described until today are the bicyclams. The prototype compound, AMD3100, exhibits potent and selective anti-HIV activity against CXCR4-using (X4) viruses and showed antiviral efficacy in X4 HIV-1-infected persons in a phase II clin. trial. However, AMD3100 lacks oral bioavailability due to its high overall pos. charge. Initial structure-activity relationship studies with bicyclam analogs suggested that the bis-macrocyclic structure was a prerequisite for anti-HIV activity. Now, we report that the N-pyridinylmethylene cyclam AMD3465, which lacks the structural constraints mentioned above, fully conserves all the biol. properties of AMD3100. Like AMD3100, AMD3465 blocked the cell surface binding of both CXCL12 (the natural CXCR4 ligand), and the specific anti-CXCR4 monoclonal antibody 12G5. AMD3465 dose-dependently inhibited intracellular calcium signaling, chemotaxis, CXCR4 endocytosis and mitogen-activated protein kinase phosphorylation induced by CXCL12. Compared to the bicyclam AMD3100, AMD3465 was even 10-fold more effective as a CXCR4 antagonist, while showing no interaction whatsoever with CCR5. As expected, AMD3465 proved highly potent against X4 HIV strains (IC50: 1-10 nM), but completely failed to inhibit the replication of CCR5-using (R5) viruses. In conclusion, AMD3465 is a novel, monomacrocyclic anti-HIV agent that specifically blocks the

interaction of HIV gp120 with CXCR4. Although oral bioavailability is not yet achieved, the monocyclams, with their decreased mol. charge as compared to the bicyclams, embody an important step forward in the design of oral CXCR4 antagonists that can be clin. used as anti-HIV drugs.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 31 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 4 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:570983 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:97274

TITLE:

Preparation of piperidines as chemokine

receptor, particularly CCR5, modulators for treatment

of inflammatory and autoimmune diseases

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary J.; Zhou, Yuanxi; Skerlj,

Renato

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 384 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
	2005						2005								2	0041	213
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							GR,										
							BF,										
		MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
CA	2548	393			AA		2005	0630		CA 2	004-	2548	393		2	0041	213
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									1	WO 2	004-t	JS41	865	Ţ	W 20	0041	213
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MARI	PAT	143:	97274		•							

AΒ Title compds. I [wherein X = C, N; Y = O if X = C, or a bond if X = N; Z = C(CH2)n; n = 0-1; R1 = (un) substituted hetero/aryl; R2 = (un) substituted hetero/aryl, N:(alkyl); R3 = (un)substituted hetero/aryl, or a Ph fused with a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle; R4 = H, alkyl; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts] were prepared as chemokine receptor, particularly CCR5, modulators for treatment of inflammatory and autoimmune diseases. For example, coupling of 2,4-dimethyl-N-oxonicotinic acid with [3-[4-[(4bromophenyl)phenoxymethyl]piperidin-1-yl]butyl]amine (preparation given) gave II in 82% yield. I exhibited IC50's in the range of 0.01 nM to 50  $\mu M$  in an assay for inhibition of HIV-1 using PMBC and R5. Compds. I demonstrate protective effects against infection of target cells by a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

L32 ANSWER 5 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1029773 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:16292

TITLE:

Inhibition of human immunodeficiency virus replication

by a dual CCR5/CXCR4 antagonist

AUTHOR(S):

Princen, Katrien; Hatse, Sigrid; Vermeire, Kurt; Aquaro, Stefano; De Clercq, Erik; Gerlach, Lars-Ole;

Rosenkilde, Mette; Schwartz, Thue W.; Skerlj,

Renato; Bridger, Gary; Schols,

Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Rega Institute for Medical Research, Louvain, Belg.

Journal of Virology (2004), 78(23), 12996-13006

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: American Society for Microbiology Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Here we report that the N-pyridinylmethylcyclam analog AMD3451 has antiviral activity against a wide variety of R5, R5/X4, and X4 strains of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) and HIV-2 (50% inhibitory concentration [IC50] ranging from 1.2 to 26.5  $\mu M$ ) in various T-cell lines, CCR5- or CXCR4transfected cells, peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs), and monocytes/macrophages. AMD3451 also inhibited R5, R5/X4, and X4 HIV-1 primary clin. isolates in PBMCs (IC50, 1.8 to 7.3  $\mu M$ ). A PCR-based viral entry assay

revealed that AMD3451 blocks R5 and X4 HIV-1 infection at the virus entry stage. AMD3451 dose-dependently inhibited the intracellular Ca2+ signaling induced by the CXCR4 ligand CXCL12 in T-lymphocytic cells and in CXCR4transfected cells, as well as the Ca2+ flux induced by the CCR5 ligands CCL5, CCL3, and CCL4 in CCR5-transfected cells. The compound did not interfere with chemokine-induced Ca2+ signaling through CCR1, CCR2, CCR3, CCR4, CCR6, CCR9, or CXCR3 and did not induce intracellular Ca2+ signaling by itself at concns. up to 400  $\mu M$ . In freshly isolated monocytes, AMD3451 inhibited the Ca2+ flux induced by CXCL12 and CCL4 but not that induced by CCL2, CCL3, CCL5, and CCL7. The CXCL12- and CCL3-induced chemotaxis was also dose-dependently inhibited by AMD3451. Furthermore, AMD3451 inhibited CXCL12- and CCL3L1-induced endocytosis in CXCR4- and CCR5-transfected cells. AMD3451, in contrast to the specific CXCR4 antagonist AMD3100, did not inhibit but enhanced the binding of several anti-CXCR4 monoclonal antibodies (such as clone 12G5) at the cell surface, pointing to a different interaction with CXCR4. AMD3451 is the first low-mol.-weight anti-HIV agent with selective HIV coreceptor, CCR5 and CXCR4, interaction.

REFERENCE COUNT:

65 THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 6 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:927021 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:395421

TITLE:

Preparation of cis-2,6-di(pyridyl)piperidines and other cis-di(heteroaryl)-substituted azaheterocycles

as binding agents for CXCR4 and other chemokine receptors for treatment of HIV,

rheumatoid arthritis, and other diseases and for

stimulating progenitor and stem cells Bridger, Gary J.; McEachern, Ernest

J.; Skerlj, Renato; Schols,

Dominique

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 221 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA	ren <b>r</b> :	NO.			KIN	D DATE				APPL	ICAT:	ION		DATE				
WO	2004	 0938:	 17		A2	_	2004		1	WO 2	004-	 US12	 627		2	0040	422	
WO	2004	0938:	17		<b>A3</b>		2005	0428										
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		TD,	TG															
AU	2004	2323	61		A1	;	2004	1104	1	AU 2	004-2	2323	61		2	0040	422	
CA	2517	077			AA	20041104			CA 2004-2517077						20040422			
EP	1615	633			A2		2006	0118	]	EP 2	004-	7601	61		2	00404	122	

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR BR 2004009655 Α 20060418 BR 2004-9655 20040422 CN 1777423 Α 20060524 CN 2004-80010845 20040422 NO 2005004405 Α 20060119 NO 2005-4405 20050922 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .: US 2003-464858P 20030422 US 2003-505230P 20030922 WO 2004-US12627 20040422

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 141:395421

GI

AΒ Cis-di(heteroaryl)-substituted azaheterocycle compds. A-C(B)-L-Y I [A, B = (un) substituted five- or six-membered heteroaryl moiety containing a nitrogen atom next to the bond to ring C; C = (un) substituted partially or fully saturated azaheterocycle with 5-8 ring atoms; L = (un)substituted alkanediyl, alkenediyl, alkynediyl; Y = H, (un)substituted alkyl which may contain heteroatoms, (un) substituted cyclic group; at least one of A or B must be substituted when C is either a piperidinyl or 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridinyl ring, and both A and B may not be substituted with naphthalenyl groups if A and B are pyridinyl groups and if C is a piperidinyl moiety; if L-Y is Me, C is not 4-oxo-3,5-piperidinedicarboxylic acid, and if L-Y is benzyl, C is not a 4-hydroxy-1,2,5,6-tetrahydro-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid ester] such as II are prepared as agents capable of binding to chemokine receptors (particularly the CXCR4 receptor) for treatment of a variety of conditions such as HIV infection, cancer, inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, immune system disorders, or diseases requiring stimulation of progenitor or stem cells for treatment. Lithium-bromine exchange of 2-bromo-3-methylpyridine followed by addition of the pyridyllithium to di-Me glutarate yields 1,5-bis(3-methyl-2pyridinyl)-1,5-pentanedione; reduction of the dione with sodium borohydride in methanol to the dipyridinylpentanediol, dimesylation, substitution and cyclization with allylamine and separation of the cis- and trans-piperidines, palladium-mediated N-deallylation, alkylation of the piperidine nitrogen with 4-(N-phthalimidyl)-1-bromobutane, and hydrazine-mediated cleavage of the phthalimide yields II. Compds. I inhibit HIV replication with IC50 values between 0.5 nM and 5  $\mu\text{M}$ , and inhibit SDF-1 $\alpha$ -induced calcium flux with IC50 values between 0.5 nM and 5  $\mu M$  (no data). Compds. of the invention increase and mobilize mouse and human progenitor cells, increase white blood cell count in HIV-infected people, and mobilize CD34-pos. cells in humans; in addition, compds. of the invention mobilize bone marrow cells to repair heart muscle (no data).

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2004:878165 HCAPLUS Full-text

141:379809

TITLE:

Preparation of pyridine derivatives as CXCR4

chemokine receptor binding compounds

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary; McEachern, Ernest J. ; Skerlj, Renato; Schols, Dominique

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

GI

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 211 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA:	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT				D.	ATE		
	2004						2004			US 2					2	0040	412	
CA	2520	259			AA		2004	1028		CA 2	004-	2520:	259		2	0040	412	
WO	2004	0915	18		A2,		2004	1028		WO 2	004-	US11	328		2	0040	412	
WO	2004	0915	18		A3		2004	1223										
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
							DE,											
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
							PL,											
							TZ,											
	RW:						MW,											
							ТJ,											
							HU,											
							CG,								-		-	
		TD,	TG												•	•	•	
EP	1613	613			A2		2006	0111		EP 2	004-	7594	81		2	0040	412	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	HR
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US 2	003-	4627	36P	· ·	P 20	0030	411	
										US 2	003-	5056	88P		P 20	0030	923	
		•					•			WO 2								
OTHER SO	OURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	141:	3798										

(A) q R1 (CR2<sub>2</sub>) 
$$\times$$
 (CR3<sub>2</sub>)  $\times$  Me

AB Title compds. I  $[X = (CR32) \circ -(CR3=CR3) p - (CR32) r - NR52, (CR32) s - R4,$ (un) substituted mono or bicyclic ring optionally containing N, O or S, etc.; Y = (un) substituted N-containing monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic or partially aromatic moiety; A and R1 = non-interfering substituent provided that two As do not form a ring; R2 and R3 = H or (un) substituted alkyl; R4 = (un) substituted heterocycle or a hetero compound; R5 = H or alkyl; wherein R1 and R2 is not H; and wherein R1 and R2 may be connected to form an addnl. ring if Y does not contain a 2-imidazoyl residue optionally connected to an addnl. ring; q and n independently = 0-4; p = 0-1; o and r independently = 1-4; s = 1-6 provided that if X = (CR3)2-R4, r is at least two if R4 = 2-pyridinyl, quinolinyl, imidazolyl or furan], as well as their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as having the ability to bind to chemokine receptors, in particular CXCR4. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by reductive amination of {4-[(3-methylpyridin-2-ylmethyl)-amino]- butyl}carbamic acid tert-Bu ester (preparation given) with 3-benzyloxypyrazine- 2-carbaldehyde. The present invention also relates to methods of using such compds., such as in treating HIV infection and inflammatory conditions such as rheumatoid arthritis. In assays to evaluate inhibition of HIV-1, many compds. of the invention exhibited IC50 values in the range of  $0.5 \text{nM}-5 \mu\text{M}$ . Furthermore, the present invention relates to methods to elevate progenitor and stem cell counts, as well as methods to elevate white blood cell counts, using such compds.

L32 ANSWER 8 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:773617 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:147877

TITLE:

Safety, Pharmacokinetics, and Antiviral Activity of AMD3100, a Selective CXCR4 Receptor Inhibitor, in

HIV-1 Infection

AUTHOR(S):

Hendrix, Craig W.; Collier, Ann C.; Lederman, Michael

M.; Schols, Dominique; Pollard, Richard B.;

Brown, Stephen; Brooks Jackson, J.; Coombs, Robert W.;

Glesby, Marshall J.; Flexner, Charles W.; Bridger, Gary J.; Badel, Karin; MacFarland, Ronald T.; Henson, Geoffrey W.; Calandra, Gary

CORPORATE SOURCE:

AMD3100 HIV Study Group, Department of Medicine, Johns

Page 11 of 128

Hopkins University School of Medicine, Baltimore, MD,

USA

SOURCE:

JAIDS, Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes

(2004), 37(2), 1253-1262

CODEN: JJASFJ; ISSN: 1525-4135 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB AMD3100 is a CXCR4 receptor inhibitor with anti-HIV-1 activity in vitro. We tested the safety, pharmacokinetics, and antiviral effect of AMD3100 administered for 10 days by continuous i.v. infusion in an open-label dose

administered for 10 days by continuous i.v. infusion in an open-label dose escalation study from 2.5 to 160  $\mu g/kg/h$ . Forty HIV-infected patients with an HIV RNA level >5000 copies/mL on stable antiretroviral (ARV) regimens or off therapy were enrolled. Syncytium-inducing (SI) phenotype in an MT-2 cell assay was required in higher dose cohorts. Most subjects were black (55%), male (98%), and off ARV therapy. HIV phenotype was SI (30%), non-SI (45%), or not tested (25%). One patient (5 μg/kg/h) had serious and possibly drugrelated thrombocytopenia. Two patients (40 and 160 µg/kg/h) had unexpected, although not serious, premature ventricular contractions. Most patients in the 80- and 160-µg/kg/h cohorts had paresthesias. Steady-state blood concentration and area under the concentration-time curve were dose proportional across all dose levels; the median terminal elimination half-life was 8.6 h (range: 8.1-11.1 h). Leukocytosis was observed in all patients, with an estimated maximum effect of 3.4 times baseline (95% confidence interval: 2.9-3.9). Only 1 patient, the patient whose virus was confirmed to use purely CXCR4 and who also received the highest dose (160  $\mu$ g/kg/h), had a significant 0.9-log10 copies/mL HIV RNA drop at day 11. Overall, however, the average change in viral load across all patients was +0.03 log10 HIV RNA. Given these results, AMD3100 is not being further developed for ARV therapy, but development continues for stem cell mobilization.

REFERENCE COUNT:

51 THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 9 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:390588 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:52717

TITLE:

X4 HIV-1 induces neuroblastoma cell death by interference with CXCL12/CXCR4 interaction

AUTHOR(S):

Hatse, S.; Bridger, G.; De Clercq, E.;

Schols, D.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory of Virology and Chemotherapy, Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Louvain, B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE:

Cellular and Molecular Biology (Paris, France, Online)

(2003), 49, OL443-OL452

CODEN: CMBPBN; ISSN: 1165-158X

URL: http://www.cellmolbiol.com/page6bis.asp?DOI=10.11

70/54

PUBLISHER:

CMB Association

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

Human neuroblastoma SK-N-SH cells strongly express CXC-chemokine receptor 4 (CXCR4), the principal coreceptor for X4 HIV-1 strains, and its natural ligand stromal cell-derived factor 1 (SDF-1, recently renamed CXCL12). The authors investigated the impact of CXCR4 blockade by the specific CXCR4 antagonist AMD3100 or by X4 HIV-1 virus particles on the growth and survival of neuroblastoma SK-N-SH cells. SK-N-SH cell proliferation was inhibited by

AMD3100 and anti-CXCL12 neutralizing antibodies, but enhanced by exogenously added CXCL12. Upon prolonged exposure to AMD3100, SK-N-SH cell death occurred through deficit of survival-promoting and growth-stimulatory signals generated by endogenous CXCL12. In analogy with the observations made with the CXCR4 inhibitor AMD3100, the X4 HIV-1 strains IIIB and SF-2, but not the R5 strain BaL, caused a marked cytopathic effect and strongly effected SK-N-SH cell death after at least 10 days of incubation. However, no virus production could be detected in the HIV-1-inoculated SK-N-SH cell cultures. Exogenously added CXCL12 afforded partial protection against X4 HIV-1-induced cytopathicity in SK-N-SH cells. The data indicate that the endogenous CXCL12/CXCR4 signaling axis is critical for neuroblastoma cell survival and proliferation. Long-term blockade of CXCR4 through phys. contact with the X4 HIV-1 envelope can cause neuronal cell death. This mechanism may possibly play a role in X4 HIV-associated neurodegeneration.

REFERENCE COUNT:

41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 10 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:80349 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:146136

TITLE:

Preparation of chemokine receptor binding

(benzimidazol-2-ylmethyl) (5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolin-8-

yl)amines and related heterocyclic compounds with enhanced efficacy against AIDS and other disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary; Kaller, Al; Harwig, Curtis;
Skerlj, Renato; Bogucki, David; Wilson, Trevor
R.; Crawford, Jason; McEachern, Ernest J.;
Atsma, Bem; Nan, Siqiao; Zhou, Yuanxi; Schols,
Dominique; Smith, Christopher D.; Di Fluri, Maria

R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 154 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 446,170.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004019058	A1 20040129	US 2003-457034	20030606
US 2003220341	A1 20031127	US 2002-329329	20021223
CA 2522535	AA 20041209	CA 2004-2522535	20040521
WO 2004106493	A2 20041209	WO 2004-US15977	20040521
WO 2004106493	A3 20050825		
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,
		DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES,	
		IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,	
		MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	
		RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,	
		UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,	
		NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG,	
		TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY,	
		IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL,	
		CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,	
SN, TD, TG			
EP 1628533	A2 20060301	EP 2004-752905	20040521

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR ZA 2004004589 20050909 ZA 2004-4589 Α 20040609 US 2006100240 **A**1 20060511 US 2005-301725 20051213 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-342716P 20011221 P US 2002-350822P Ρ 20020117 US 2002-329329 A2 20021223 US 2003-446170 A2 20030523 US 2003-457034 A 20030606 WO 2004-US15977 20040521 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:146136 GI

AΒ The invention relates to heterocyclic compds. (shown as I; e.g. (1Hbenzimidazol-2-ylmethyl) (piperidin-3-ylmethyl) (5,6,7,8- tetrahydroquinolin-8yl)amine trihydrobromide) consisting of a core N atom surrounded by three pendant groups, wherein two of the three pendant groups are preferably benzimidazolylmethyl and tetrahydroquinolyl, and the 3rd pendant group contains N and optionally contains addnl. rings. The compds. bind to chemokine receptors, including CXCR4 and CCR5, and demonstrate protective effects against infection of target cells by a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Many I exhibit IC50 values of 5-5.5 nM for inhibition of HIV-1 (NL4.3) replication in peripheral blood mononuclear cells and 5 nM-5 µM for inhibition of SDF-la induced Ca flux in CCRF-CEM cells, a T-lymphoblastoid cell line that expresses CXCR4. It is also stated that the compds. I behave in a manner similar to 1,1'-[1,4-phenylene-bis(methylene)]-bis-1,4,8,11tetraazacyclotetradecane (AMD3100) which showed to elevate progenitor cell levels (data given). Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, >170 example prepns. are included. For I: X and Y = N or CR1; Z is S, O, NR1 or CR12; each R1-R6 = H or a noninterfering substituent; n1 is 0-4; n2 is 0-1, wherein the a signifies C.tplbond.C may be substituted for CR5:CR5; n3 is 0-4; wherein n1 + n2 + n3 = 2; b is 0-2; wherein the following combinations of R groups may be coupled to generate a ring, which ring may be (un)saturated: R2 + R2, one R2 + R3, R3 + one R4, R4 + R4, one R5 + another R5, one R5 + one R6, and R6 + R6; wherein the ring may not be aromatic when the participants in ring formation are two R5; and wherein when n2 is 1, neither n1 nor n3 can be

L32 ANSWER 11 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:47834 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:144387

TITLE: Molecular Mechanism of AMD3100 Antagonism in the CXCR4

Receptor. Transfer of Binding Site to the CXCR3

Receptor

AUTHOR(S): Rosenkilde, Mette M.; Gerlach, Lars-Ole; Jakobsen,

Janus S.; Skerlj, Renato T.; Bridger,

Gary J.; Schwartz, Thue W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology, Laboratory for Molecular

Pharmacology, University of Copenhagen, The Panum

Institute, Copenhagen, DK-2200, Den.

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (2004), 279(4),

3033-3041

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AΒ AMD3100 is a sym. bicyclam, prototype non-peptide antagonist of the CXCR4 chemokine receptor. Mutational substitutions at 16 positions located in TM-III, -IV, -V, -VI, and -VII lining the main ligand-binding pocket of the CXCR4 receptor identified three acid residues: Asp171 (AspIV:20), Asp262 (AspVI:23), and Glu288 (GluVII:06) as the main interaction points for AMD3100. Mol. modeling suggests that one cyclam ring of AMD3100 interacts with Asp171 in TM-IV, whereas the other ring is sandwiched between the carboxylic acid groups of Asp262 and Glu288 from TM-VI and -VII, resp. Metal ion binding in the cyclam rings of AMD3100 increased its dependence on Asp262 and provided a tighter mol. map of the binding site, where borderline mutational hits became clear hits for the Zn(II)-loaded analog. The proposed binding site for AMD3100 was confirmed by a gradual build-up in the rather distinct CXCR3 receptor, for which the compound normally had no effect. Introduction of only a Glu at position VII:06 and the removal of a neutralizing Lys residue at position VII:02 resulted in a 1000-fold increase in affinity of AMD3100 to within 10fold of its affinity in CXCR4. The authors conclude that AMD3100 binds through interactions with essentially only three acidic anchor-point residues, two of which are located at one end and the third at the opposite end of the main ligand-binding pocket of the CXCR4 receptor. The authors suggest that non-peptide antagonists with, for example, improved oral bioavailability can be designed to mimic this interaction and thereby efficiently and selectively block the CXCR4 receptor.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 12 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:1012105 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:116474

TITLE: The Antiviral Activity of the CXCR4 Antagonist AMD3100

Is Independent of the Cytokine-Induced CXCR4/HIV

Coreceptor Expression Level

AUTHOR(S): Princen, Katrien; Hatse, Sigrid; Vermeire, Kurt;

Bridger, Gary J.; Skerlj, Renato T.; De Clercq, Erik; Schols, Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE: Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke

Universiteit Leuven, Louvain, B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE: AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses (2003), 19(12),

1135-1139

CODEN: ARHRE7; ISSN: 0889-2229

Page 15 of 128

PUBLISHER: Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The chemokine receptor CXCR4 is the main coreceptor used by T-tropic X4 HIV-1 strains to infect its target T cells. It has been proven that the CXCR4 expression level in T cells is strongly up-regulated by interleukin (IL)-4, a Th2-type cytokine that is secreted preferentially in HIV-infected patients in a later stage of disease. This results in an enhancement of HIV-1 replication in CD4+ T-lymphocytes. We have now evaluated the potency of the CXCR4 antagonist AMD3100 in phytohemagglutinin (PHA)/IL-2- vs. PHA/IL-4-activated T cells in order to determine whether the compound has comparable CXCR4antagonistic and anti-HIV-1 effects under these different cytokine treatments. We analyzed the CXCR4 expression level and the dose-dependent inhibition of CXCR4 expression by AMD3100, by monitoring the binding of an anti-CXCR4 monoclonal antibody (clone 12G5). We also determined stromal cell-derived factor (SDF)-1-induced intracellular calcium signaling and HIV-1 replication in these cells in the absence and presence of AMD3100. The CXCR4 expression level in PHA/IL-4-stimulated cells was much higher than in PHA/IL-2-stimulated cells. However, the potency of the bicyclam AMD3100 to block anti-CXCR4 mAb binding, SDF-1-induced intracellular calcium signaling, and HIV-1 replication of the X4 NL4.3 strain and three primary isolates remained unchanged. Our data indicate that CXCR4 antagonists such as AMD3100 act independently of the HIV-1 coreceptor expression level. These compds. should therefore be useful in suppressing HIV-1 infection in all stages of the disease.

REFERENCE COUNT:

32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 13 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:732923 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:395792

TITLE:

Convenient synthesis of 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolin-8-

ylamine and 6,7-dihydro-5H-quinolin-8-one

AUTHOR(S):

McEachern, E. J.; Yang, W.; Chen, G.;

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Skerlj, R. T.; Bridger, G. J. AnorMED Inc., Langley, BC, Can.

SOURCE:

Synthetic Communications (2003), 33(20), 3497-3502

CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911

PUBLISHER:

Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 139:395792

AB A novel two-step synthesis of 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolin-8-ylamine, involving regioselective nitrosation of 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline followed by oxime reduction, is described. Oxime hydrolysis affords 6,7-dihydro-5H-quinolin-8-one.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 14 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:532661 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:101128

TITLE:

Preparation of chemokine receptor binding

(benzimidazol-2-ylmethyl) (5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolin-8-

yl)amines and related heterocyclic compounds with enhanced efficacy against AIDS and other disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary J.; Skerlj, Renato T.
; Kaller, Al; Harwig, Curtis; Bogucki, David; Wilson,

Trevor; Crawford, Jason; McEachern, Ernest J.

; Atsma, Bem; Nan, Siqiao; Zhou, Yuanxi; Schols, Dominique; Smith, Christopher Dennis; Di Fluri,

Rosaria Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.; et al.; et al.

SOURCE:

GI

PCT Int. Appl., 360 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA	PATENT NO.							APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	2003	0558	76		A1	_									2	 0021	223
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
							IN,										
							MD,										
							·SD,										
							VN,							·	•	•	·
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
							IT,										
							GN,										
	2467				AA		2003	0710		CA · 2	002-	2467	718		2	0021	223
	2002						2003										
	2002																
EP	1465	889			A1		2004	1013	:	EP 2	002-	8059	77		2	0021	223
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	SK		
	1596				Α		2005	0316	(	CN 2	002-	8256	38		2	0021	223
JP	2005	5183	97		Т2		2005	0623		JP 2	003-	55640	06		2	0021	223
	2004															0040	609
	2004				Α		2004	0907	]	10 2	004-2	2578			21	0040	618
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	JS 2	001-	3427	16P	1	P 20	0011	221
									1	JS 2	002-3	35082	22P	1	P 20	0020	117
										WO 2	002-t	JS414	107	V	V 20	0021	223
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MARI	PAT	139:	10112	28								

The invention relates to heterocyclic compds. (shown as I; e.g. (1H-ΑB benzimidazol-2-ylmethyl) (piperidin-3-ylmethyl) (5,6,7,8- tetrahydroguinolin-8yl)amine trihydrobromide) consisting of a core N atom surrounded by three pendant groups, wherein two of the three pendant groups are preferably benzimidazolylmethyl and tetrahydroquinolyl, and the 3rd pendant group contains N and optionally contains addnl. rings. The compds. bind to chemokine receptors, including CXCR4 and CCR5, and demonstrate protective effects against infection of target cells by a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Many I exhibit IC50 values of 5-5.5 nM for inhibition of HIV-1 (NL4.3) replication in peripheral blood mononuclear cells and 5 nM-5  $\mu M$  for inhibition of SDF-1 $\alpha$  induced Ca flux in CCRF-CEM cells, a T-lymphoblastoid cell line that expresses CXCR4. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, >170 example prepns. are included. For I: X and Y = N or CR1; Z is S, O, NR1 or CR12; each R1-R6 = H or a noninterfering substituent; n1 is 0-4; n2 is 0-1, wherein the a signifies C.tplbond.C may be substituted for CR5:CR5; n3 is 0-4; wherein n1 + n2 + n3 = 2; b is 0-2; wherein the following combinations of R groups may be coupled to generate a ring, which ring may be (un)saturated: R2 + R2, one R2 + R3, R3 + one R4, R4 + R4, one R5 + another R5, one R5 + one R6, and R6 + R6; wherein the ring may not be aromatic when the participants in ring formation are two R5; and wherein when n2 is 1, neither n1 nor n3 can be

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 15 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:486052 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:116135

TITLE: Mutations at the CXCR4 interaction sites for AMD3100

influence anti-CXCR4 antibody binding and HIV-1 entry

AUTHOR(S): Hatse, Sigrid; Princen, Katrien; Vermeire, Kurt;

Gerlach, Lars-Ole; Rosenkilde, Mette M.; Schwartz,

Thue W.; Bridger, Gary; De Clercq, Erik;

Schols, Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE: Rega Institute for Medical Research, Laboratory of

Virology and Chemotherapy, Katholieke Universiteit

Leuven, Louvain, B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE: FEBS Letters (2003), 546(2-3), 300-306

CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The interaction of the CXCR4 antagonist AMD3100 with its target is greatly influenced by specific aspartate residues in the receptor protein, including Asp171 and Asp262. The authors have now found that aspartate-to-asparagine substitutions at these positions differentially affect the binding of four different anti-CXCR4 monoclonal antibodies as well as the infectivity of diverse human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) strains and clin. isolates. Mutation of Asp262 strongly decreased the coreceptor efficiency of CXCR4 for wild-type but not for AMD3100-resistant HIV-1 NL4.3. Thus, resistance of HIV-1 NL4.3 to AMD3100 is associated with a decreased dependence of the viral gp120 on Asp262 of CXCR4, pointing to a different mode of interaction of wild-type vs. AMD3100-resistant virus with CXCR4.

REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 16 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:242771 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:401628

TITLE:

Enzymatic Resolution of Bicyclic 1-Heteroarylamines

Using Candida antarctica Lipase B

AUTHOR(S):

Skupinska, Krystyna A.; McEachern, Ernest J.

; Baird, Ian R.; Skerlj, Renato T.;

Bridger, Gary J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

AnorMED Inc., Langley, BC, V2Y 1N5, Can.

SOURCE:

Journal of Organic Chemistry (2003), 68(9), 3546-3551

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 138:401628

AB Candida antarctica lipase B has been used to kinetically resolve a structurally diverse series of bicyclic 1-heteroaryl primary amines, e.g. 8-amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline, 5-amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoxaline, etc., by enantioselective acetylation. High yields of either enantiomer could be obtained with excellent enantioselectivity (90-99% ee), while the undesired enantiomer could, in some cases, be recycled by thermal racemization. The absolute stereochem. of the products was confirmed by an X-ray crystallog.

REFERENCE COUNT:

25

THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 17 OF 38

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2003:221637 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> 138:255107

TITLE:

Synthesis of enantiomerically pure amino-substituted

fused bicyclic rings

INVENTOR(S):

McEachern, Ernest J.; Bridger, Gary

J.; Skupinska, Krystyna A.; Skerlj, Renato

T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Anormed Inc., Can. PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE APPLICAT				ION :	NO.		D	ATE		
	2003						2003		1	WO 2	002-	US29	372		2	0020	912
WO	2003				A3		2004										
	W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	ΑL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
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		CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		•	
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US	2003	1146	79		A1		2003	0619	1	US 2	002-	2434	34		2	0020	912
US	6825	351			B2		2004	1130									
EP	1487	795			A2		2004	1222		EP 2	002-	7758	23		2	0020	912
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,

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BR 2002012443	Α	20050315	BR 2002-12443 20020912
JP 2005508316	T2	20050331	JP 2003-526864 20020912
CN 1608052	Α	20050420	CN 2002-817593 20020912
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NO 2004001012	Α	20040310	NO 2004-1012 20040310
US 2005080267	A1	20050414	US 2004-959823 20041006
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-323201P P 20010912
			CN 2002-817593 A3 20020912
			US 2002-243434 A3 20020912
			WO 2002-US29372 W 20020912
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OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 138:255107

GI

AB This invention describes various processes for synthesis and resolution of racemic amino-substituted fused bicyclic ring systems (shown as I; variables defined below), primarily 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolines (shown as II; e.g. 8amino-2-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline) and 5,6,7,8tetrahydroisoquinolines (e.g. 5-amino-5,6,7,8- tetrahydroisoquinoline). One process uses selective hydrogenation of an amino-substituted fused bicyclic aromatic ring system; for example, 8-amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline was obtained in 2 steps (100, 54 and 91% yields) from 8-aminoquinoline via intermediates 8-acetylaminoquinoline and 8-acetylamino-5,6,7,8tetrahydroquinoline using PtO2/trifluoroacetic acid/H2 for the hydrogenation. An alternative process preps. the racemic amino-substituted fused bicyclic ring system via nitrosation; for example, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline was converted with LDA/MTBE at -30° followed by isoamyl nitrite to 8-hydroxyimino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline (75%) that was hydrogenated using H2/Pd/C/MeOH to give 8-amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline (100%). The present invention describes the enzymic resolution of a racemic mixture to produce the (R)- and (S) - forms of amino-substituted fused bicyclic rings as well as a racemization process to recycle the unpreferred enantiomer. For example, 8-amino-5,6,7,8tetrahydroquinoline was half reacted with EtOAc in iPr2O at 60° in the presence of Candida antarctica lipase to give (R)-(-)-N-(5,6,7,8tetrahydroquinolin-8-yl)acetamide (97% ee) and unreacted (S)-(+)-8-amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline (96% ee). The amine could be racemized at 150° in a sealed tube under Ar with 87% yield. Further provided by this invention is an asym. synthesis of the (R)- or (S)- enantiomer of primary amino-substituted fused bicyclic ring systems. For example, (R)-(-)-8-amino-5,6,7,8tetrahydroquinoline (98% ee) was obtained in 4 steps (82, 95, 93 and 59% yields) starting from 8-hydroxy-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline via intermediates 6,7-dihydro-5H-quinolin-8-one, (R)-(-)-(6,7-dihydro-5H-quinolin-8- ylidene)(1phenylethyl) amine, and (-)-((1R)-1-Phenylethyl)-(8-(R)-5,6,7,8tetrahydroquinolin-8-yl)amine using  $(R)-(+)-\alpha$ -methylbenzylamine as chiral auxiliary. For I: ring A is a heteroarom. 5- or 6-membered ring, P is N, S or O; ring B is a 5- or 6-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl; NH2 is located

at a position on ring B; and R2 is located at any other H position on the fused bicyclic ring; m is 0-4; R2 = halo, nitro, cyano, carboxylic acid, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, hydroxy, thiol, a protected amino, acyl, carboxylate, carboxamide, sulfonamide, an aromatic group and a heterocyclic group. The variable definitions for II and the isoquinolines are the same as for I.

L32 ANSWER 18 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:35359 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:106725

TITLE:

Preparation of antiviral macrocyclic polyamines Bridger, Gary James; Boehringer, Eva Maria;

Wang, Zhongren; Schols, Dominique;

Skerlj, Renato Tony; Bogucki, David Earl

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed, Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

U.S., 18 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,817,807.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

P	PATENT NO.							APPLICATION NO.										
U	s 6506																	
U	S 5817	807			Α		1998	1006		US	19	96-6	6595	00		-	9960	606
C	A 2336	634			'AA		2000	0120		$C\Delta$	19	99-1	2336	634		1	9990	708
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	P 2002																9990	
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U	S 2004	2358	14		A1		2004	1125	1	US	20	04-8	37273	35		2	0040	621
U	S 2005	1540	05		A1		2005	0714	1	US	20	04-9	9194	14		2	0041	117
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Page 21 of 128

US 2001-743561 Al 20010813 US 2002-143692 A1 20020509

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:106725

Monocyclic polyamines V-CR1R2-Ar-CR3R4-NR5-(CR6R7)x-R8 [wherein V=cyclicpolyamine having a total of 9-24 members; R1-R7 = independently H, (cyclo)alkyl; R8 = heterocyclic group, aromatic group, SH; Ar = (un) substituted (hetero) aromatic ring; x = 1, 2, which showed activity in standard tests against HIV-infected cells as well as other biol. activity related to binding of ligands to chemokine receptors, were prepared For example, 4,8,11-tris(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1,4,8,11- tetraazacyclotetradecane was coupled with  $\alpha,\alpha'$ -dibromo-p- xylene, alkylated, and deprotected using HBr/HOAc to give N-[1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecanyl-1,4phenylenebis(methylene)]-2- (aminomethyl)pyridine•6HBr (AMD3465). The latter strongly inhibited HIV-1 with an EC50 value of 0.008  $\mu g/mL$  and displayed low cytotoxicity toward MT-4 HIV challenged cells with a CC50 value of > 250  $\mu/mL$ . In addition, a selectivity index, corresponding to the ratio of CC50 to EC50, of 3x104 for AMD3465 indicates high potential for therapeutic use.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 37 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 19 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:42 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:165456

TITLE:

Metal Ion Enhanced Binding of AMD3100 to Asp262 in the

CXCR4 Receptor

AUTHOR(S):

Gerlach, Lars Ole; Jakobsen, Janus S.; Jensen, Kasper

P.; Rosenkilde, Mette R.; Skerlj, Renato T.; Ryde, Ulf; Bridger, Gary J.; Schwartz, Thue

W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory for Molecular Pharmacology, University of

Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Den.

SOURCE:

Biochemistry (2003), 42(3), 710-717

CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

46

The affinity of AMD3100, a sym. nonpeptide antagonist composed of two AB 1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane (cyclam) rings connected through a 1,4dimethylene (phenylene) linker to the CXCR4 chemokine receptor was increased 7, 36, and 50-fold, resp., by incorporation of the following: Cu2+, Zn2+, or Ni2+ into the cyclam rings of the compound The rank order of the transition metal ions correlated with the calculated binding energy between free acetate and the metal ions coordinated in a cyclam ring. Construction of AMD3100 substituted with only a single Cu2+ or Ni2+ ion demonstrated that the increase in binding affinity of the metal ion substituted bicyclam is achieved through an enhanced interaction of just one of the ring systems. Mutational anal. of potential metal ion binding residues in the main ligand binding crevice of the CXCR4 receptor showed that although binding of the bicyclam is dependent on both Asp171 and Asp262, the enhancing effect of the metal ion was selectively eliminated by substitution of Asp262 located at the extracellular end of TM-VI. It is concluded that the increased binding affinity of the metal ion substituted AMD3100 is obtained through enhanced interaction of one of the cyclam ring systems with the carboxylate group of Asp262. It is suggested that this occurs through a strong concomitant interaction of one of the oxygen's directly with the metal ion and the other oxygen to one of the

nitrogens of the cyclam ring through a hydrogen bond. REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 20 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN .

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:746521 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:13999

TITLE: Concise Preparation of Amino-5,6,7,8-

tetrahydroquinolines and Amino-5,6,7,8-

tetrahydroisoquinolines via Catalytic Hydrogenation of

Acetamidoquinolines and Acetamidoisoquinolines Skupinska, Krystyna A.; McEachern, Ernest J.

; Skerlj, Renato T.; Bridger, Gary

J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

AnorMED Inc., Langley, BC, V2Y 1N5, Can.

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2002), 67(22), 7890-7893

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

AUTHOR(S):

Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 138:13999

A method to prepare amino-substituted 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolines and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolines via catalytic hydrogenation of the corresponding acetamido-substituted quinolines and isoquinolines followed by acetamide hydrolysis is described. The yields of the products are good when the acetamido substituent is present on the pyridine ring and moderate with the acetamido substituent on the benzene ring. This method has also been applied to the regioselective reduction of quinoline substrates bearing other substituents (R = OMe, CO2Me, Ph).

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 21 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:684699 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:265565

TITLE:

Chemokine receptor inhibition by AMD3100 is

strictly confined to CXCR4

AUTHOR(S):

Hatse, Sigrid; Princen, Katrien; Bridger, Gary

; De Clercq, Erik; Schols, Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Rega Institute for Medical Research, Laboratory of Virology and Chemotherapy, Katholieke Universiteit

Leuven, Louvain, B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE:

FEBS Letters (2002), 527(1-3), 255-262

CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: This study was undertaken to demonstrate the unique specificity of the AB chemokine receptor CXCR4 antagonist AMD3100. Calcium flux assays with selected chemokine/cell combinations, affording distinct chemokine receptor specificities, revealed no interaction of AMD3100 with any of the chemokine receptors CXCR1 through CXCR3, or CCR1 through CCR9. In contrast, AMD3100 potently inhibited CXCR4-mediated calcium signaling and chemotaxis in a concentration-dependent manner in different cell types. Also, AMD3100 inhibited stromal cell-derived factor (SDF)-1-induced endocytosis of CXCR4, but did not affect phorbol ester-induced receptor internalization. Importantly, AMD3100 by itself was unable to elicit intracellular calcium fluxes, to induce chemotaxis, or to trigger CXCR4 internalization, indicating that the compound does not act as a CXCR4 agonist. Specific small-mol. CXCR4 antagonists such as AMD3100 may play an important role in the treatment of

human immunodeficiency virus infections and many other pathol. processes that are dependent on SDF-1/CXCR4 interactions (e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, atherosclerosis, asthma and breast cancer metastasis).

REFERENCE COUNT:

31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 22 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:466711 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:47236

TITLE:

Preparation of

 $\verb"pyridylmethylaminomethylbenzyltriazacyclotet"$ 

INVENTOR(S):

radecanes as chemokine receptor antagonists

Bridger Garry Roshringer Fra Maria Mana

Bridger, Gary; Boehringer, Eva Maria; Wang,

Zhongren; Schols, Dominique; Skerlj,

Renato T.; Bogucki, David E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed, USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002077339	A1	. 20020620	US 2000-740050	20001215
US 6667320	B2	20031223		
US 2004102428	<b>A1</b>	20040527	US 2003-703781	20031107
US 7022717	B2	20060404		
US 2006069129	A1	20060330	US 2005-281296	20051116
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-172153P	P 19991217
			US 2000-740050	A1 20001215
			US 2003-703781	A1 20031107

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 137:47236

GΙ

$$X$$
 $X^2$ 
 $X^3$ 
 $X^3$ 

AB Monocyclic polyamines I [X = CHF, CF2, O, S, SO, SO2, X1, X2 = H2, X3 = N; X = CH2, X1 = O, X2 = H2, X3 = N; X = CH2, X1 = H2, X2 = O, X3 = N; X = O, X1, X2 = H2, X = CH] were prepared and have activity in standard tests against HIV-or FIV- infected cells as well as other biol. activity related to binding of ligands to *chemokine* receptors that mediate a number of mammalian embryonic developmental processes. Thus, I [X = N, X1, X2 = H2, X3 = N] was prepared from FCH[(CH2)3OTs]2 and (2-O2NC6H4SO2NHCH2CH2)2NP(O)(OEt)2 to form the macrocycle which was deblocked and treated with the N-protected bromide of the side chain, followed by deblocking.

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 23 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:355048 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:362819

TITLE: AMD3100, a CxCR4 antagonist, attenuates allergic lung

inflammation and airway hyperreactivity

AUTHOR(S): Lukacs, Nicholas W.; Berlin, Aaron; Schols,

Dominique; Skerlj, Renato T.;

Bridger, Gary J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, University of Michigan

Medical School, Ann Arbor, MI, 48109-0602, USA American Journal of Pathology (2002), 160(4),

1353-1360

CODEN: AJPAA4; ISSN: 0002-9440

PUBLISHER: American Society for Investigative Pathology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AΒ The role of specific chemokine receptors during allergic asthmatic responses has been relatively undefined. A number of receptors are preferentially expressed on Th2 cells, including CCR4, CCR8, and CxCR4. In the present study, we have examined the role of CxCR4 in the development of cockroach allergeninduced inflammation and airway hyperreactivity in a mouse model of asthma. Using a specific inhibitor of CxCR4, AMD3100, our results indicate that blocking this receptor has a significant effect in down-regulating the inflammation and pathophysiol. of the allergen-induced response. Treatment of allergic mice with AMD3100 significantly reduced airway hyperreactivity, peribronchial eosinophilia, and the overall inflammatory responses. In addition, there was a shift in the cytokine profile that was observed in the AMD3100-treated animals. Specifically, there was a significant reduction in interleukin-4 and interleukin-5 levels and a significant increase in interleukin-12 and interferon- $\gamma$  levels within the lungs of treated allergic mice. Furthermore, there was a significant alteration in the local chemokine production of CCL22 (MDC) and CCL17 (TARC), two chemokines previously shown to be important in Th2-type allergen responses. Overall, specifically blocking CxCR4 using AMD3100 reduced a number of pathol. parameters related to asthmatic-type inflammation.

REFERENCE COUNT: 56 THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 24 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332188 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:355235

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Preparation of tertiary N-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-quinolinyl)-N-(1H-benzimidazol-2-ylmethyl) amines and

analogs as chemokine receptor modulators for

treatment of HIV or FIV

INVENTOR(S): Bridger, Gary; Skerlj, Renato;

Kaller, Al; Harwig, Curtis; Bogucki, David; Wilson,

Trevor R.; Crawford, Jason; Mceachern, Ernest J.; Atsman, Berm; Nan, Siqiao; Zhou, Yuanxi; Schols, Dominique; Smith, Christopher Dennis;

Di Fluri, Rosaria Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 187 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

Page 25 of 128

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.						KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
	WO 2002034745 WO 2002034745				A1 20020502 C1 20030918									20010919				
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AB Title compds. I [wherein ring A optionally comprises a heteroatom selected from N, O, or S; R1-R3 = non-interfering substituents; R4 and R5 = independently H or (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or acyl; or 2 R5 may form a cyclic amine, optionally containing 1 or more N, O, and/or S; R =independently H or alkyl; X = O or S or (un) substituted C or N; Y = Oindependently halo, OH, SH, SO, SO2, non-N containing organic moiety, (CH2) xCN, (CR2) xNR52, (CR2) xNR(CR2) xNRR4, (CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR52,  $(CR2) \times CO(CR2) \times NR52$ ,  $(CR2) \times CO(CR2) \times NR(CR2) \times NRR4$ , (CR2) xCO(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR52, (CR2) xNRCO(CR2) xNRR4, (CR2) xNRCO(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR52, (CR2) xNRCO(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR(CR2) xNR52, CH:NZ, (CR2)xZ, NR(CR2)xZ, (CR2)xNROH, (CR2)xCONROH, or (CR2)xCR:NOH; or 2 Y groups may be connected to form a fused ring with Ar; Z = (un) substituted (hetero)aryl; Ar = (hetero)aryl; m = 0-2; p = 0-4; q = 0-3; x = 0-4; with provisos; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and pro-drugs thereof] were prepared as modulators of chemokine receptor activities. For example, reductive addition of 3-cyanobenzaldehyde to 8-amino-5,6,7,8tetrahydroquinoline using sodium triacetoxyborohydride in CH2Cl2 afforded N-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8- quinolinyl)-3-cyanobenzylamine (81%). Alkylation with N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-2-chloromethylbenzimidazole using N,Ndiisopropylethylamine and KI in MeCN (88%), followed by hydrogenation in the presence of Raney nickel (79%), gave the tertiary amine II (AMD9679). Compds. of the invention tested for inhibition of HIV-1 NL4.3 or IIIB replication in MT-4 cells exhibited EC50 values of 0.002  $\mu$ M/mL to 20.0  $\mu$ M/mL. useful for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and/or feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 25 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

6

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:220576 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:263160

TITLE:

Preparation of azolylmethylaminotetrahydroquinolines

and related compounds as chemokine receptor

binding agents.

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary; Skerlj, Renato;

Kaller, Al; Harwig, Curtis; Bogucki, David; Wilson,

Page 27 of 128

Trevor R.; Crawford, Jason; McEachern, Ernest J.; Atsma, Bem; Nan, Siqiao; Zhou, Yuanxi; Schols, Dominique; Smith, Christopher Dennis;

Di, Fluri Rosaria Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Anormed Inc., Can.

PCT Int. Appl., 254 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.							DATE				
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WC	WO 2002022600				A3 20020510									20020027					
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OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MARI	PAT	136:2	26316	50										

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Ι

AΒ Title compds. [I; ring A optionally contains N, O, S; dotted lines = optional unsatn.; R1, R2, R3 = non-interfering substituents; p = 0-4; m = 0-2; L1 = linker of 1.5-10 Å; X = 0, S, (substituted) C, N; Ar = aryl; n = 0-2; R = H, alkyl; Y = aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl], were prepared Thus, 5trifluoromethyl-2-chloromethylbenzimidazole (preparation given), N-(tertbutoxycarbonyl)-N-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-N'-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8- quinolinyl)-1,4-benzenedimethanamine, and diisopropylethylamine were stirred at  $80^{\circ}$  in DMF for 16 h to yield N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N- (2-pyridinylmethyl)-N'-(5trifluoromethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-ylmethyl)-N'- (5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8quinolinyl)-1,4-benzenedimethanamine. Deprotection with HBr in HOAc or dioxane gave N-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-N'-(5- trifluoromethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2ylmethyl)-N'-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8- quinolinyl)-1,4-benzenedimethanamine hydrobromide. Several I inhibited HIV-1 replication in MT-4 cells with EC50<20  $\mu$ g/mL.

L32 ANSWER 26 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:220575 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:263159

TITLE:

Chemokine receptor-binding heterocyclic

compounds, particularly (5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolin-8yl)amino- and (1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)methyl-containing

aromatic and heteroaromatic amides, useful for

treating infection with HIV and FIV

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary; Skerlj, Renato;

Kaller, Al; Harwig, Curtis; Bogucki, David; Wilson,

Trevor R.; Crawford, Jason; McEachern, Ernest J.; Atsma, Bem; Nan, Siqiao; Zhou, Yuanxi; Schols, Dominique; Smith, Christopher Dennis;

Di Fluri, Rosaria Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 146 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002022599	A2	20020321	WO 2001-CA1325	20010917
WO 2002022599	A3	20020530		
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 136:263159

GI

Members of a class of (mostly tertiary) amines, containing a multiplicity of heteroarom. substituents, and the salts and prodrug forms thereof, are useful as *chemokine* receptor modulators. In particular, compds. of formula X-L1-N(Z)-(CR12)n-Ar-L2-N(R2)-L3-Y (I) are disclosed [wherein: X = monocyclic (5-6 membered) or fused bicyclic (9-12 membered) (un)substituted ring system containing at least 1 N, O, or S atom; Z = H, monocyclic (5-6 membered) or fused bicyclic (9-12 membered) (un)substituted ring system containing at least 1 N, O, or S atom; Ar = (un)substituted aromatic or heteroarom. ring; each of

L1, L2, and L3 = bond, CO, SO2, or CH2, wherein at least 1 of L2 and L3 must comprise CO or SO2, and wherein L1 can also be alkylene (2-5C) wherein 1 or 2 C may optionally be replaced by N and which alkylene may itself optionally be substituted by a bridge alkylene (3-4C); L2 and L3 also may be, independently, SO2NH, CONH, SO2NHCH2 or CONHCH2; n = 0, 1, or 2; each R1 and R2 = H, straight or branched chain or cyclic alkyl (1-6C) which may optionally be substituted, and wherein R2 may be alkylene coupled to Y; and Y comprises at least 1 aromatic or heteroarom. or other heterocyclic (un)substituted ring coupled directly to L3]. The compds. are useful for treatment of conditions which are modulated by the chemokine receptors CXCR4 and CCR5, and particularly for treatment of patients infected with HIV or FIV. Examples include 54 syntheses and 3 bioassays, and many addnl. compds. within the invention are listed. For instance, amidation of 4-(chloromethyl)benzoyl chloride with 2-aminopyridine (49%), followed by amination of the chloride with 8-[N-(2nitrobenzenesulfonyl)amino]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinoline (92%), removal of the 2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl group from the amine using PhSH and K2CO3 in DMF (93%), and finally N-alkylation of the amine with N-BOC-2-(chloromethyl)benzimidazole and deprotection (47%), gave title compound II, designated AMD 9370. In a test for inhibition of Ca flux induced by the  $\emph{chemokine}$  SDF-1 $\alpha$  in SUP-T1 cells in vitro, 6 compds. including II gave > 20% inhibition at 20  $\mu g/mL$ . In a test for inhibition of NL4.3/IIIB (CXCR4-using) HIV-1 in MT-4 cells in vitro, 7 compds. including II exhibited EC50 values < 20 µg/mL. The compds. also inhibited BaL (CCR5-using) HIV-1 similarly.

L32 ANSWER 27 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:765615 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:95768

TITLE: AMD3100, a potent and specific antagonist of the

stromal cell-derived factor-1 chemokine

receptor CXCR4, inhibits autoimmune joint inflammation

in IFN-y receptor-deficient mice

AUTHOR(S): Matthys, Patrick; Hatse, Sigrid; Vermeire, Kurt;

> Wuyts, Anja; Bridger, Gary; Henson, Geoffrey W.; De Clercq, Erik; Billiau, Alfons; Schols,

Dominique

Laboratories of Immunobiology, Rega Institute for CORPORATE SOURCE:

Medical Research, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven,

Louvain, B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE: Journal of Immunology (2001), 167(8), 4686-4692

CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

PUBLISHER: American Association of Immunologists

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Autoimmune collagen-induced arthritis (CIA) in IFN-γR-deficient DBA/1 mice was shown to be reduced in severity by treatment with the bicyclam derivative AMD3100, a specific antagonist of the interaction between the chemokine stromal cell-derived factor-1 (SDF-1) and its receptor CXCR4. The beneficial effect of the CXCR4 antagonist was demonstrable when treatment was initiated between the time of immunization and appearance of the first symptoms. Treatment also reduced the delayed-type hypersensitivity response to the autoantigen, collagen type II. These observations are indicative of an action on a late event in the pathogenesis, such as chemokine-mediated attraction of leukocytes toward joint tissues. The notion of SDF-1 involvement was further supported by the observation that exogenous SDF-1 injected in periarthritic tissue elicited an inflammatory response that could be inhibited by AMD3100. The majority of leukocytes harvested from inflamed joints of mice with CIA

were found to be Mac-1+ and CXCR4+, and AMD3100 was demonstrated to interfere specifically with chemotaxis and Ca2+ mobilization induced in vitro by SDF-1 on Mac-1+/CXCR4+ splenocytes. We conclude that SDF-1 plays a central role in the pathogenesis of murine CIA, by attracting Mac-1+/CXCR4+ cells to the inflamed joints.

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 28 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:464869 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:266685

TITLE: Mutation of Asp171 and Asp262 of the chemokine

receptor CXCR4 impairs its coreceptor function for human immunodeficiency virus-1 entry and abrogates the

antagonistic activity of AMD3100

AUTHOR(S): Hatse, Sigrid; Princen, Katrien; Gerlach, Lars-Ole;

Bridger, Gary; Henson, Geoffrey; De Clercq, Erik; Schwartz, Thue W.; Schols, Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE: Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke

Universiteit Leuven, Louvain, Belg.

SOURCE: Molecular Pharmacology (2001), 60(1), 164-173

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental

Therapeutics

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The bicyclam AMD3100 is a highly potent and selective CXCR4 antagonist with strong antiviral activity against human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-1 and HIV-2, which use CXCR4 as coreceptor for host cell entry. Here, the authors investigated the interaction of AMD3100 with CXCR4 at the mol. level by mutational anal. The authors established a set of stably transfected U87.CD4 cell lines expressing different mutant forms of CXCR4 (i.e., CXCR4[WT], CXCR4[D171N], CXCR4[D262N], CXCR4[D171N,D262N], and CXCR4[H281A]), to compare the activity of the compound against mutated vs. wild-type CXCR4. The authors found that the antagonistic action of AMD3100 against CXCR4 -as assessed by the inhibitory effects of the compound on stromal cell-derived factor (SDF-1) binding to its receptor and on SDF-1-induced intracellular Ca signaling, and by displacement of the CXCR4-specific antibody, clone 12G5- was greatly reduced by substitution of Asp171 and/or Asp262 by neutral asparagine residue(s). Both aspartates, but most particularly Asp262, also proved essential for the anti-HIV-1 activity of AMD3100 against the viruses NL4.3, IIIB, and HE. In contrast, substitution of His281 by a neutral Ala potentiated the antagonistic and antiviral effects of the compound in the different assay systems. Importantly, compared with the wild-type receptor, CXCR4[D262N] was much less effective, whereas CXCR4[D171N,D262N] completely failed as a coreceptor for infection by HIV-1 NL4.3. Thus, the neg. charged Asp residues at positions 171 and 262, located in transmembrane domains 4 and 6 of the 7transmembrane receptor, resp., may represent crucial sites for electrostatic interaction of the pos. charges of the bicyclams, as well as for the highly basic V3 loop of the gp120 envelope protein of certain HIV-1 strains.

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 29 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:453052 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:46212

TITLE: Chemokine receptor binding heterocyclic

compounds

Bridger, Gary J.; Boehringer, Eva Maria; INVENTOR(S):

Wang, Zhongren; Schols, Dominique;

Skerlj, Renato T.; Bogucki, David E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Anormed Inc., Can. PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			ATE APPLICATION NO.								DATE		
· WO	WO 2001044229				A1 20010621			WO 2000-CA1503					20001215						
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CA	2389	545			AA 20010621				CA 2000-2389545					20001215					
EP	1244	648			A1 20021002				EP 2000-986914					20001215					
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OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MAR:	PAT	135:	46212	2										

$$X^2$$
 $X^3$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 

AB Monocyclic polyamines I [X = CHF, CF2, O, S, SO, SO2, X1, X2 = H2, X3 = N; X = 1CH2, X1 = 0, X2 = H2, X3 = N; X = CH2, X1 = H2, X2 = 0, X3 = N; X = 0, X1, X2= H2, X = CH] were prepared and have activity in standard tests against HIVor FIV- infected cells as well as other biol. activity related to binding of ligands to chemokine receptors that mediate a number of mammalian embryonic developmental processes. Thus, I [X = N, X1, X2 = H2, X3 = N] was prepared from FCH[(CH2)3OTs]2 and (2- O2NC6H4SO2NHCH2CH2)2NP(O)(OEt)2 to form the macrocycle which was deblocked and treated with the N-protected bromide of the side chain, followed by deblocking.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Ι

L32 ANSWER 30 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:329830 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:131824

TITLE: Molecular interactions of cyclam and bicyclam

non-peptide antagonists with the CXCR4

chemokine receptor

AUTHOR(S): Gerlach, Lars Ole; Skerlj, Renato T.;

Bridger, Gary J.; Schwartz, Thue W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory for Molecular Pharmacology, Panum

Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen,

DK-2200, Den.

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (2001), 276(17),

14153-14160

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The non-peptide CXCR4 receptor antagonist AMD3100, which is a potent blocker of human immunodeficiency virus cell entry, is a sym. bicyclam composed of two identical 1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane (cyclam) moieties connected by a relatively rigid phenylenebismethylene linker. Based on the known strong propensity of the cyclam moiety to bind carboxylic acid groups, receptor mutagenesis identified Asp171 and Asp262, located in transmembrane domain (TM) IV and TM-VI, resp., at each end of the main ligand-binding crevice of the CXCR4 receptor, as being essential for the ability of AMD3100 to block the binding of the *chemokine* ligand stromal cell-derived factor (SDF)- $1\alpha$  as well as the binding of the receptor antibody 12G5. The free cyclam moiety had no effect on 12G5 binding, but blocked SDF-1 $\alpha$  binding with an affinity of 3  $\mu M$ through interaction with Asp171. The effect on SDF-1 $\alpha$  binding of a series of bicyclam analogs with variable chemical linkers was found to rely either only on Asp171, i.e. the bicyclams acted as the isolated cyclam, or on both Asp171 and Asp262, i.e. they acted as AMD3100, depending on the length and the chemical nature of the linker between the two cyclam moieties. A pos. correlation was found between the dependence of these compds. on Asp262 for binding and their potency as anti-human immunodeficiency virus agents. It is concluded that AMD3100 acts on the CXCR4 receptor through binding to Asp171 in TM-IV and Asp262 in TM-VI with each of its cyclam moieties, and it is suggested that part of its function is associated with a conformational constraint imposed upon the receptor by the connecting phenylene-bismethylene linker.

REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 31 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:201919 HCAPLUS Full-text

TITLE:

CXCR4 receptor antagonist, AMD3100, is a potent

inhibitor of HIV infection

AUTHOR(S): De Clercq, E.; Schols, D.; Bridger,

G.; Henson, G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Experimental Chemotherapy, Rega

Institute for Medical Research, Louvain, Belg.

SOURCE: Abstracts of Papers, 221st ACS National Meeting, San

Diego, CA, United States, April 1-5, 2001 (2001)

MEDI-024

CODEN: 69FZD4

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

Page 34 of 128

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Meeting Abstract

LANGUAGE:

English

AMD3100, 1,1'-[1,4-phenylenebis-(methylene)]-bis-1,4,8,11-

tetraazacyclotetradecane, is the prototype compound of the bicyclams and has been shown to interact specifically with the CXC-chemokine receptor, CXCR4, the main coreceptor used by T-tropic (X4) HIV strains to enter their target cells. AMD3100 consistently blocks the replication of all X4 HIV and dualtropic (R5/X4) variants that use CXCR4 for entering the cells (e.g T cell lines, CXCR4-transfected cell lines, lymphocytes and monocytes/macrophages). Against R5/X4 HIV-1 clin. isolates AMD3100 showed varying activity, depending on the clin. isolate, but the viruses that could be recovered from the AMD3100-treated cell cultures were unable to use CXCR4 and had lost their pathogenic SI phenotype. The anti-HIV potency of the bicyclams closely correlated with their potency in inhibiting the binding of anti-CXCR4 mAb(12G5) and inhibiting the binding and Ca2+ signaling of the natural ligand of CXCR4, SDF-1. AMD3100 had no signaling effect by itself and did not affect Ca2+ mobilization induced by any other CC or CXC-chemokine evaluated so far. Also, in vivo in SCID-hu thy/liv and SCID-hu PBMC mice, AMD3100 was effective in preventing the replication of X4 HIV-1 clin. isolates. AMD3100 has been selected as the clin. drug candidate, which, after initial phase I (safety) studies, has proceeded to phase II (efficacy) trials.

L32 ANSWER 32 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:688234 HCAPLUS Full-text 133:266589

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Preparation of heterocyclic derivatives as

chemokine receptor antagonists effective against HIV, tumor, and allergy

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary; Skerlj, Renato;

Kaller, Al; Harwig, Curtis; Bogucki, David; Wilson,

Trevor R.; Crawford, Jason; McEachern, Ernest J.; Atsma, Bem; Nan, Siqiao; Zhou, Yuanxi;

Schols, Dominique

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 274 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.							DATE		
WO 2000056729					A1	20000928			,	WO 2	000-	20000324						
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								TR,										
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EP	1163	238			<b>A</b> 1		2001	1219		EP 2	000-	9139	79		2	0000:	324	
EP	1163	238			В1		2006	0531										
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BR 2000010655	Α	20020213	BR	2000-10655		20000324
TR 200102799	Т2	20020722	TR	2001-2799		20000324
NZ 514709	Α	20030328	NZ	2000-514709		20000324
JP 2003524620	Т2	20030819	JP	2000-606590		20000324
US 6750348	B1	20040615	US	2000-535314		20000324
AU 775123	B2	20040715	AU	2000-35460		20000324
AT 327988	E	20060615	AT	2000-913979		20000324
NO 2001004593	Α	20011029	NO	2001-4593		20010921
US 2004235823	A1	20041125	US	2004-837467		20040430
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	1999-125823P	P	19990324
			US	2000-535314	A3	20000324
			WO	2000-CA321	W	20000324

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 133:266589

GΙ

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} A \\ P \end{pmatrix} V_{-}$$

$$Q1 = \begin{pmatrix} A \\ B \\ P \end{pmatrix} V_{-}$$

AB Title compds. [YW(X)(Z)(CR1R2)nArCR3R4N(R5)(CR6R7)qR8; W = N, Y is void; WY =CH; R1 to R7 may be the same or different and are independently selected from H, straight, branched or cyclic C1-6 alkyl; R8 = substituted heterocyclic group or a substituted aromatic group; Ar = aromatic or heteroarom. ring each optionally substituted at single or multiple, non-linking positions with electron-donating or withdrawing groups; n and q are independently = 0-2; X =Q, Q1; A = optionally substituted, saturated or unsatd. 5 or 6-membered ring; P = optionally substituted carbon atom, optionally substituted nitrogen atom, sulfur or oxygen atom; B = optionally substituted 5 to 7-membered ring; Ring A and Ring B in the above formula can be connected to the group W from any position via the group V; V = bond, (CH2)m, CO; m = 0-2; Z = H, optionally substituted C1-6 alkyl group, C0-6 alkyl group substituted with an optionally substituted aromatic or heterocyclic group, optionally substituted CO-6 alkylamino, C3-7 cycloalkylamino group, optionally substituted carbonyl group or sulfonyl], pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition, salts, metal complexes, stereoisomers, isomer mixts., and pharmaceutical composition are prepared Title compds. are having protective effects against infection by HIV through binding to chemokine receptors, including CXCR4 and CCR5 and inhibiting the subsequent binding of their natural ligands. Thus, the title

### 10/823,494

compound I was prepared and tested for inhibition of HIV-1 NL4.3 or IIIB replication in MT-4 cells and exhibited EC50's of less than 20ug/mL. 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 33 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:331726 HCAPLUS Full-text

TITLE:

Synthesis and structure-activity relationships of bis-azamacrocycles that inhibit HIV-1 and HIV-2 replication by antagonism of the chemokine

receptor CXCR4.

AUTHOR(S):

Skerlj, Renato T.; Bridger, Gary J.

; Pabmanabhan, Screenivasan; Martellucci, Stephen A.; Henson, Geoffrey W.; Struyf, Sofie; Witvrouw, Myriam;

Schols, Dominique; De Clercq, Erik

CORPORATE SOURCE:

AnorMED Inc, Langley, BC, V2N 1N5, Can.

SOURCE:

Book of Abstracts, 219th ACS National Meeting, San Francisco, CA, March 26-30, 2000 (2000), MEDI-122.

American Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.

CODEN: 69CLAC

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; Meeting Abstract

LANGUAGE: English

The bicyclam AMD3100 is a potent and selective inhibitor of HIV-1 and HIV-2 AB virus replication by binding to the chemokine receptor CXCR4, the co-receptor for X4 viruses. With the aim of optimizing the anti-HIV activity of bisazamacrocycles, a series of compds. in which the secondary amine groups of AMD3100 were replaced by neutral heteroatom or heteroarom. groups were synthesized and evaluated for their inhibitory effects on HIV-1 and HIV-2 replication in vitro. It was found that the p-phenylenebis(methylene)-linked dimer of the py[iso-14]aneN4 (AMD3329) displayed the highest antiviral activity of the bis-azamacrocyclic analogs reported to date, exhibiting EC50's against the cytopathic effects of HIV-1 and HIV-2 of 0.8 and 1.6 nM, resp. AMD3329 also inhibited the binding of a specific CXCR4 mAb and Ca2+ flux induced by SDF-1 $\alpha$ , the natural ligand for CXCR4, more potently than AMD3100 and also interfered with virus-induced syncytium formation at an EC50 of 12 nM.

L32 ANSWER 34 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:53607 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:107964

TITLE:

Preparation of antiviral macrocyclic polyamines

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary James; Boehringer, Eva Maria;

Wang, Zhongren; Schols, Dominique;

Skerlj, Renato Tony; Bogucki, David Earl

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Anormed Inc., Can. PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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							]	Page	37 of	£ 128							

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1998-111895
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                                            US 1996-659500
                                                                A2 19960606
                                            WO 1999-CA619
                                                                W 19990708
                                            US 2001-743561
                                                                A1 20010813
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 132:107964
     Monocyclic polyamines V-CR1R2-Ar-CR3R4-NR5-(CR6R7)x-R8 (V = cyclic polyamine
     having a total of 9-24 members; R1-R7 = H, alkyl; R8 = heterocyclic group,
     aromatic group, SH; Ar = aromatic or heteroarom. ring; x = 1, 2) which have
     activity in standard tests against HIV- or FIV-infected cells as well as other
     biol. activity related to binding of ligands to chemokine receptors, were
     prepared E.g., N-[1,4,8,11- tetraazacyclotetradecanyl-1,4-
     phenylenebis (methylene)]-2- (aminomethyl)pyridine hexahydrobromide was
     prepared
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L32 ANSWER 35 OF 38
                      HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1999:538987 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         131:306743
TITLE:
                         Synthesis and Structure-Activity Relationships of
                         Phenylenebis (methylene) - Linked Bis-azamacrocycles
                         That Inhibit HIV-1 and HIV-2 Replication by Antagonism
                         of the Chemokine Receptor CXCR4
AUTHOR(S):
                         Bridger, Gary J.; Skerlj, Renato T.
                         ; Padmanabhan, Sreenivasan; Martellucci, Stephen A.;
                         Henson, Geoffrey W.; Struyf, Sofie; Witvrouw, Myriam;
                         Schols, Dominique; De Clercq, Erik
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         AnorMED Inc., Langley, BC, V2Y 1N5, Can.
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(19),
                         3971-3981
                         CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
                         American Chemical Society
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
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AB Bis-tetraazamacrocycles such as the bicyclam AMD3100 are a class of potent and selective anti-HIV-1 and HIV-2 agents that inhibit virus replication by binding to the *chemokine* receptor CXCR4, the co-receptor for entry of X4 viruses. With the aim of optimizing the anti-HIV-1 and HIV-2 activity of bis-azamacrocycles, a series of analogs were synthesized which contain neutral

heteroatom (oxygen, sulfur) or heteroarom. (of lower pKa than a secondary amine) replacements for the amino groups of AMD3100. The introduction of one or more heteroatoms such as oxygen or sulfur into the macrocyclic ring of pphenylenebis (methylene) -linked dimers (to give N3X or N2X2 bis-macrocycles) gave analogs with substantially reduced anti-HIV-1 (IIIB) and anti-HIV-2 (ROD) potency. In addition, the bis-sulfur analog was also markedly more cytotoxic to MT-4 cells. However, bis-tetraazamacrocycles featuring a single pyridine group incorporated within the macrocyclic framework exhibited anti-HIV-1 and HIV-2 potency comparable to that of their saturated, aliphatic counterparts. The p-phenylenebis (methylene) -linked dimer of the py[14] aneN4 macrocycle inhibited HIV-1 replication at a 50% effective concentration (EC50) of 0.5  $\mu M$ while remaining nontoxic to MT-4 cells at concns. approaching 200  $\mu M$ . A series of analogs containing macrocyclic heteroarom. groups of varying pKa were also synthesized, and their ability to inhibit HIV replication was evaluated. Replacing the pyridine moiety of the py[14] aneN4 macrocyclic ring with pyrazine or pyridine groups substituted in the 4-position (with electronwithdrawing or -donating groups) either reduced antiviral potency or increased cytotoxicity to MT-4 cells. Finally, we synthesized a series of analogs in which the ring size of the bis-pyridyl macrocycles was varied between 12 and 16 members per ring including the py[iso-14]aneN4 ring system, an isomer of the py[14]aneN4 macrocycle. The p-phenylenebis(methylene)-linked dimer of the py[iso-14]aneN4 (AMD3329) displayed the highest antiviral activity of the bisazamacrocyclic analogs reported to date, exhibiting EC50's against the cytopathic effects of HIV-1 and HIV-2 replication of 0.8 and 1.6 nM, resp., i.e., about 3-5-fold lower than the EC50 of AMD3100. AMD3329 also inhibited the binding of a specific CXCR4 mAb and the Ca2+ flux induced by SDF-1 $\alpha$ , the natural ligand for CXCR4, more potently than AMD3100. Furthermore, AMD3329 also interfered with virus-induced syncytium formation at an EC50 of 12 nM.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 21 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 36 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1999:456438 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

131:223050

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Bicyclams, selective antagonists of the human chemokine receptor CXCR4, potently inhibit feline immunodeficiency virus replication Egberink, Herman F.; De Clercq, Erik; Van Vliet, Arno

AUTHOR(S):

L. W.; Balzarini, Jan; Bridger, Gary J.; Henson, Geoffrey; Horzinek, Marian C.; Schols,

Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Virology, Utrecht University, Utrecht,

3584 CL, Neth.

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal of Virology (1999), 73(8), 6346-6352

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Bicyclams are low-mol.-weight anti-human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) agents AΒ that have been shown to act as potent and selective CXC chemokine receptor 4 (CXCR4) antagonists. Here, the authors demonstrate that bicyclams are potent inhibitors of feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) replication when evaluated in Crandell feline kidney (CRFK) cells. With a series of bicyclam derivs., 50% inhibitory concns. (IC50s) against FIV were obtained in this cell system that were comparable to those obtained for HIV-1 IIIB replication in the human CD4+ MT-4 T-cell line. The bicyclams were also able to block FIV replication in feline thymocytes, albeit at higher concns. than in the CRFK cells.

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prototype bicyclam AMD3100, 1-1'-[1,4-phenylene-bis(methylene)]-bis(1,4,8,11tetraazacyclotetradecane), was only fourfold less active in feline thymocytes (IC50, 62 ng/mL) than in CRFK cells (IC50, 14 ng/mL). AMD2763, 1,1'propylene-bis(1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane), which is a less potent CXCR4 antagonist, was virtually inactive against FIV in feline thymocytes (IC50, >66.5  $\mu$ g/mL), while it was clearly active in CRFK cells (IC50, 0.9  $\mu$ g/mL). The CXC chemokine stromal-cell-derived factor lα had anti-FIV activity in CRFK cells (IC50, 200 ng/mL) but not in feline thymocytes (IC50, >2.5 µg/mL). When primary FIV isolates were evaluated for their drug susceptibility in feline thymocytes, the bicyclams AMD3100 and its Zn2+ complex, AMD3479, inhibited all six primary isolates at equal potency. The marked susceptibility of FIV to the bicyclams suggests that FIV predominantly uses feline CXCR4 for entering its target cells.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 37 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

38

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:398720 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:179354

TITLE:

AUTHOR(S):

Shift of clinical human immunodeficiency virus type 1 isolates from X4 to R5 and prevention of emergence of

the syncytium-inducing phenotype by blockade of CXCR4

Este, Jose A.; Cabrera, Cecilia; Blanco, Julia;

Gutierrez, Arantxa; Bridger, Gary; Henson,

Geoffrey; Clotet, Bonaventura; Schols,

Dominique; De Clercq, Erik

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institut de Recerca de la SIDA-Caixa, Retrovirology

Laboratory, Hospital Universitari Germans Trias i

Pujol, Badalona, 08916, Spain

SOURCE:

Journal of Virology (1999), 73(7), 5577-5585

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

38

Journal LANGUAGE: English

The emergence of X4 human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) strains in HIV-1-infected individuals has been associated with CD4+ T-cell depletion, HIV-mediated CD8+ cell apoptosis, and an impaired humoral response. The bicyclam AMD3100, a selective antagonist of CXCR4, selected for the outgrowth of R5 virus after cultivation of mixts. of the laboratory-adapted R5 (BaL) and X4 (NL4-3) HIV strains in the presence of the compound The addition of AMD3100 to peripheral blood mononuclear cells infected with X4 or R5X4 clin. HIV isolates displaying the syncytium-inducing phenotype resulted in a complete suppression of X4 variants and a concomitant genotypic change in the V2 and V3 loops of the envelope gp120 glycoprotein. The recovered viruses corresponded genotypically and phenotypically to R5 variants in that they could no longer use CXCR4 as coreceptor or induce syncytium formation in MT-2 cells. Furthermore, the phenotype and genotype of a cloned R5 HIV-1 virus converted to those of the R5X4 virus after prolonged culture in lymphoid cells. However, these changes did not occur when the infected cells were cultured in the presence of AMD3100, despite low levels of virus replication. Our findings indicate that selective blockade of the CXCR4 receptor prevents the switch from the less pathogenic R5 HIV to the more pathogenic X4 HIV strains, a process that heralds the onset of AIDS. In this article, we show that it could be possible to redirect the evolution of HIV so as to impede the emergence of X4 strains or to change the phenotype of already-existing X4 isolates to R5.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

## 10/823,494

#### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 38 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:36649 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:246282

TITLE:

Activity of different bicyclam derivatives against

human immunodeficiency virus depends on their

interaction with the CXCR4 chemokine

receptor

AUTHOR(S):

Este, Jose A.; Cabrera, Cecilia; De Clercq, Erik; Struyf, Sofie; Van Damme, Jo; Bridger, Gary; Skerlj, Renato T.; Abrams, Michael J.; Henson, Geoffrey; Gutierrez, Arantxa; Clotet, Bonaventura;

Schols, Dominique

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institut de la Recerca de la SIDA-Caixa, Retrovirology

Laboratory, Hospital Universitari Germans Trias i

Pujol, Badalona, Spain

SOURCE:

Molecular Pharmacology (1999), 55(1), 67-73

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental

Therapeutics

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Bicyclams represent a novel class of selective anti-HIV inhibitors with potent activity against T-cell tropic strains of HIV. The prototype compound, the bicyclam AMD3100, has an EC50 of 1 to 10 ng/mL against different strains of HIV-1, including clin. isolates. AMD3100 was shown to interact with the CXCchemokine receptor CXCR4, the main coreceptor used by T-cell tropic strains of HIV. Here the authors describe the interaction of different bicyclam derivs. with CXCR4. A close correlation (r2 = 0.7) was found between the anti-HIV potency of the bicyclams and their ability to inhibit the binding of an anti-CXCR4 monoclonal antibody or the intracellular Ca++ signal induced by the stromal cell-derived factor- $1\alpha$ , the natural ligand of CXCR4. These results indicate that the mechanism of action of bicyclams is primarily mediated by their interaction with CXCR4. The most potent interaction with CXCR4 and thus anti-HIV activity was shown by bicyclam analogs with cyclam rings composed of fourteen members that are linked by an aromatic (phenyl) bridge. Elucidating the structural requirements for receptor interaction and the site(s) of interaction of bicyclams with CXCR4 will aid in the understanding of HIV-cell fusion.

REFERENCE COUNT:

40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L2

STR

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Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. · L18 743 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L16 `L19 36 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 L22 143 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BRIDGER G"/AU OR "BRIDGER G J"/AU OR "BRIDGER G L"/AU OR "BRIDGER G M"/AU OR "BRIDGER G P"/AU OR "BRIDGER G W"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY J"/AU OR "BRIDGER GARY JAMES"/AU) L23 27 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("MCEACHERN E"/AU OR "MCEACHER N E J"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNEST"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNEST J"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNEST JOHN"/AU OR "MCEACHERN ERNIE J"/AU) L24 68 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SKERLJ R"/AU OR "SKERLJ R T"/AU OR "SKERLJ RENATO"/AU OR "SKERLJ RENATO T"/AU OR "SKERLJ RENATO TONY"/AU) 205 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 ("SCHOLS D"/AU OR "SCHOLS DOMINIQUE"/AU OR "SCHOLS DOMINQUE"/AU) L26 52 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L22 AND (L23 OR L24 OR L25)) OR (L23 AND (L24 OR L25)) OR (L24 AND L25)

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L36	34 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON L19 NOT L32

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L36 ANSWER 1 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:707358 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:145555
TITLE: Preparation of aryl and heteroaryl sulfonamides as

CCR2 antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Ungashe, Solomon

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chemocentryx, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 270 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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						MC,										
						GN,										
	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM.	ZW.	AM.	AZ,	BY.
				RU,			-	•			•	•				,
US 200	61730	19		A1		2006	0803	τ	JS 20	006-	3327	36		20	0060	113
PRIORITY AP											6441				0050	
•											74282			P 20	0051	206
													_	P 20		
OTHER SOURC	E(S):			MAR	TAS	145:	1455						•	,		

GI

AB Title compds. I [Ar = (un)substituted aryl or heteroaryl; R1 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; X, W, and Y independently = CR2, N, and N(=0), where each occurrence of R2 independently = CN, CHO, CO2H, alkylcarbonyl, etc.; Y2 = N or N(=0); L = bond, O, S, SO, etc.; Z = (un)substituted aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, etc.], are prepared and disclosed as potent antagonists of the CCR2 receptor. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by reaction of 5-chloro-2-phenoxyphenylamine with 4-chloro-3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl chloride. Numerous compds. of the invention demonstrated IC50 values < 500 nM in assays for CCR2 activity. Animal testing demonstrates that these compds. are useful for treating inflammation, a hallmark disease for CCR2. The compds. are generally aryl sulfonamide derivs. and are useful in pharmaceutical compns., methods for the treatment of CCR2-mediated diseases, and as controls in assays for the identification of CCR2 antagonists.

899423-21-3P 899423-29-1P 899423-34-8P 899423-40-6P 899423-41-7P 899423-42-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of heteroaryl sulfonamides as CCR2 receptor antagonists) 899423-21-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-N-(1-methylethyl)-N-2-pyridinyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT

RN

CN

RN 899423-29-1 HCAPLUS

2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-N-ethyl-N-2-thiazolyl-(9CI)(CAINDEX NAME)

RN 899423-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-N-methyl-N-2-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 899423-40-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-N-ethyl-N-2-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 899423-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-N-methyl-N-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 899423-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-N-methyl-N-(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 899424-56-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of heteroaryl sulfonamides as CCR2 receptor antagonists)

RN 899424-56-7 HCAPLUS

2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 5-chloro-3-[[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl](methoxymethyl)amino]-N-(1-methylethyl)-N-2-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 2 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:411688 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:450700

TITLE:

Preparation of benzylidene thiazolones as

α-estrogen receptors modulators

INVENTOR(S):

Martin, Richard; Mohan, Raju; Busch, Brett B.; Nyman,

Michael Charles; Stevens, William C., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Exelixis, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

GI

PCT Int. Appl., 135 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE				ICAT				D.	ATE	
	2006						2006								2	0051	021
WO	2006						2006										
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KZ.
	LC, LK, LR,																
	NA, NG, NI,																
	NA, NG, NI, SK, SL, SM,																
			ZA,											•	•	•	•
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
							MC,										
							GN,										
							NA,										
					RU,									•	•		
PRIORIT	IORITY APPLN. INFO.:								1	US 2	004-	6212	96P	]	P 2	0041	022
OTHER S	HER SOURCE(S):						144:	4507	00								

AB Title compds. represented by the formula I [wherein R1, R2 = independently (un)substituted (cyclo)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; or R1R2N = (un)substituted heterocyclyl or heteroaryl; R3 = H, halo or (un)substituted alkyl; R4 = independently halo, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl, etc.; m = 1 or 2; n = 0-4; X, Y = independently O, NR8, SOp or a direct bond; p = 0-2; R8 = H or (un)substituted alkyl; L = (un)substituted alkylene, cycloalkyl, alkenylene or alkynylene; A = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as α-estrogen receptors (ERRα) modulators. For example, II was provided in a multi-step synthesis starting from reaction of 1-bromomethyl-2,4-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzene with vanillin. II showed inverse agonist activity in the GAL4-ERRα assay with IC50 value of less than 0.5 μM and 100-120% control rate. Thus, I are useful for the treatment of ERRα related diseases, disorders or conditions, such as cancer (no data).

IT 885599-03-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 5-benzylidene-4-thiazolone derivs. as  $\alpha\text{-estrogen}$  receptors modulators)

RN 885599-03-1 HCAPLUS

CN 4(5H)-Thiazolone, 5-[[4-[[2,4-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy]-3-methoxyphenyl]methylene]-2-[methyl[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{N} \end{array}$$

L36 ANSWER 3 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:301786 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:331262

TITLE:

2-(Aminomethyl)indoles as histamine-3 receptor

antagonists, their preparation, pharmaceutical

compositions, and use in therapy

INVENTOR(S):

Wager, Travis T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pfizer Inc, USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 26 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

GI

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D.		
US	2006	0690	 87		A1	_	 2006	0330	,	 US 2	005-	2249	 13			0050	
WC	2006	0353	80		<b>A</b> 1		2006	0406	1	WO 2	005-	IB29	91		2	0050	916
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KZ,
		LC, LK, LR, 1			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
		NA, NG, NI, N															
						ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
		YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
							MC,										
							GN,										
		GM, KE, LS, I KG, KZ, MD,														•	•
PRIORIT GI	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 2	004-	6137	96P	1	P 20	0040	927

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to 2-(aminomethyl)indoles I, which are histamine-3 antagonists. In compds. I, R1 and R2 are independently selected from H, (un) substituted C1-8 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, 3- to 8-membered heterocyclyl, optionally substituted with C2-5 acyl, C6-10 arylsulfonyl, optionally substituted with Me or Et; and 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl, or R1 and R2, together with the adjacent nitrogen atom, form a 4- to 7-membered heterocyclyl ring; R3 is selected from optionally halo-substituted C1-8 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, and C6-14 aryl, or R1 and R3, together with the adjacent atoms, form a 4- to 7-membered heterocyclyl ring; R4 is H or optionally halosubstituted C1-8 alkyl; R5 is (un) substituted aminomethyl; each X is independently selected from halo, optionally fluoro-substituted C1-6 alkyl, optionally fluoro-substituted C1-6 alkoxy, and (un) substituted C1-6 alkyl-S(0)p, where p is 0, 1, or 2; and n is 0-3. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a compound I, optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, and optionally another therapeutic agent selected from H1 receptor antagonists and neurotransmitter re-uptake blockers, as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment of a disorder or condition that may respond to antagonism of histamine-3 receptors. N-Acylation of Me 4-amino-3-iodobenzoate followed by coupling with propargyl alc. and cyclization gave (hydroxymethyl)indolecarboxylate II, which underwent oxidation, reductive amination with pyrrolidine, and hydride reduction to give (pyrrolidinylmethyl)indole III. Indole III was oxidized and aminated reductively with 1-acetylpiperazine resulting in the formation of indole IV. The compds. of the invention are antagonists of histamine-3 receptors (no data).

(drug candidate; preparation of (aminomethyl)indoles as histamine-3 receptor

antagonists)

RN 880361-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-methanamine, N-methyl-N-[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 4 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:292684 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:468150

TITLE: Preparation of thiazole derivatives as anti-infective

agents

INVENTOR(S): Nan, Fajun; Li, Jia; Ye, Qizhuang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shang Medicine Inst., Chinese Academy of Sciences,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 35 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

Chinese

CN 2003-142277

20030815

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI

R<sup>2</sup>

AB The title compds. I [wherein R1 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; R2 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; R3 = H, halo, alkyl, etc.; R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; X = O, S, or NH] are prepared as antiinfective agents for respiratory tract virus, enterovirus, hepatitis virus, pocky virus, herpes virus, and AIDS virus. For example, the compound II was prepared in a multi-step synthesis. Some of the compds. I showed good antiviral activities.

IT 886467-13-6P 886467-23-8P 886467-24-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of thiazole derivs. as anti-infective agents)

RN 886467-13-6 HCAPLUS

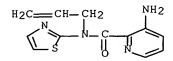
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[(2-propenyl-2-thiazolylamino)carbonyl]-3-pyridinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 886467-23-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 3-[(1-oxo-3-butenyl)amino]-N-2-propenyl-N-2-thiazolyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 886467-24-9 HCAPLUS

2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 3-amino-N-2-propenyl-N-2-thiazolyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L36 ANSWER 5 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1242837 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:6685

TITLE:

Preparation of substituted quinolines for treating

disorders mediated by KSP

INVENTOR(S):

Wang, Weibo; Constantine, Ryan N.; Lagniton, Liana

Marie; Bair, Kenneth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

GΙ

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA	rent :	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE	
US	2005	<del>-</del>	 37		A1	_				 US 2	 005-	1335	09		2	0050	
WO	2005	1135	07		A1		2005	1201	,	WO 2	005-	US17	961		2	0050	519
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
•		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KZ,
		LC, LK, LR,				LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,
		NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,
		NG, NI, NO, SL, SM, SY,				TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,
		ZA,	ZM,	ZW													
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙĖ,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,
		MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG											
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 2	004-	57312	20P	1	P 20	0040	521
OTHER SO	OURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	144:	6685									

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{R5}_{R1}_{R2}$$

$$R^{4} \xrightarrow{R_{3}}_{R3} I$$

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{N}_{Me}$$

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{N}_{R1}$$

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{N}_{R1}$$

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{N}_{R1}$$

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{N}_{R1}$$

$$[R6]_{\overline{m}} \xrightarrow{N}_{R1}$$

AB The title compds. I [m = 0-3; R1 = acylamino, carboxyl ester, and alkyl optionally substituted with OH or halo; R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = C(:X)A; A = (un)substituted aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl; X = O, S; R4 = alkylene-heterocyclic or alkylene-NR7R8; R5 = L-A1; A1 = (un)substituted aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl; L = O, NH, N(alkyl), etc.; R6 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; R7, R8 = H, alkyl, arylalkyl, etc.], useful for treating a disorder mediated, at least in part, by KSP in a mammalian patient, such as cancer, were prepared and formulated. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of II, starting from 2-chloro-3- (phenylmethyl)quinoline, was given. The preferred compds. I have a biol. activity as measured by an IC50 of less than about 1 μM in an assay for determining KSP activity.

#### IT 870070-67-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of substituted quinolines for treating disorders mediated by KSP)

RN 870070-67-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[3-(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)propyl]-3-fluoro-4-methyl-N-[2-methyl-1-[3-(phenylmethyl)-2-quinolinyl]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 6 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:238977 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:298009

TITLE:

A preparation of library of 4-piperidylcarboxamide derivatives capable of binding to a G-protein coupled

receptor

INVENTOR(S):

Jones, Graham Peter; MacRitchie, Jacqueline Anne;

Slater, Martin John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Biofocus PLC, UK

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

	PATENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATĘ			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
	WO 2005						2005 2005		1	WO 2	004-	GB38	50		2	0040	908
		ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU, DE,										
		GE, GH, GM LK, LR, LS												-	-	-	-
		LK, LR, LS NO, NZ, OM TJ, TM, TN					PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
	RW:	NO, NZ, OM, TJ, TM, TN, RW: BW, GH, GM,												-			
							RU, GR,										
		SI,	SK,	TR,			CF,										
]	PRIORITY API	•	TD, INFO.						(	GB 2	003-	2098:	3	į	A 20	00309	908
	OTHER SOURCE	E(S):			MARI	PAT	142:	29800	09								

$$\bigcap_{NH_2}^F$$

The invention relates to a preparation of library of 4-piperidylcarboxamide derivs. of formula I [wherein: Rl is derivs. of cyanopyridine, cyanopyrazine, cyanothiophene, or cyanopyrimidine, etc.; R2 is derivs. of 3-F-C6H4MgBr, 4-Me-C6H4MgBr, 4-Me2N-C6H4MgBr, or 4-Cl-C6H4MgBr, etc.; R3 is H or alkyl; R4 is acyl, sulfonyl, carbamoyl, or thiocarbamoyl, etc.] targeted to receptors that recognize a central secondary amide moiety and capable of binding to G-protein coupled receptor (no biol. data). The library was designed around an acetamide coupled to a piperidine moiety. A combination of specific motifs R1, R2, R3, and R4 were appended from the central scaffold and were designed to pick up different interactions at a receptor site. For instance, 4-piperidylcarboxamide derivative II was prepared via amidation of 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid by amine III.

## IT 847923-57-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of library of 4-piperidylcarboxamide derivs. capable of binding

to G-protein coupled receptor)

RN 847923-57-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[methyl[(2-methylphenyl)(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]carbonyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 7 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:29841 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:7564

TITLE: Synthesis of 6-bromomethyl-substituted derivatives of

pyridin-2(1H)-ones and their reaction with

nucleophiles

AUTHOR(S): Kalme, Z. A.; Zhalubovskis, R. A.; Shmidlers, A.;

Celmins, J.; Duburs, G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Latvian Institute of Organic Synthesis, Riga, LV 1006,

Latvia

SOURCE: Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds (New York, NY,

United States) (Translation of Khimiya

Geterotsiklicheskikh Soedinenii) (2004), 40(7),

862-868

CODEN: CHCCAL; ISSN: 0009-3122 Kluwer Academic/Consultants Bureau

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:7564

GI

PUBLISHER:

AB 6-Bromomethyl-substituted derivs. of pyridin-2(1H)-ones (I; R = H, 3-NO2, 4-NO2) were obtained by bromination of 6-methyl-3,4-dihydropyridin-2(1H)- ones and are the basis for the synthesis of thieno- (II) and furo[3,4-b]pyridin-2(1H)-ones (III) and also for obtaining new amino derivs. in the pyridin-2(1H)-one series, e.g., IV (R1R2N = piperidino, PhCH2CH2NH, PhNH, NHCH2COOEt).

B52241-04-4P 852241-05-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of 6-bromomethyl-substituted derivs. of 2(1H)-pyridinones and their reaction with nucleophiles)

RN 852241-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2,2'-[[(4-ethoxy-4-oxobutyl)imino]bis(methylene)]bis[5-cyano-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-phenyl-,dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{MeO-C} \\ \text{Ph} \\ \text{NC} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH2-N-CH2-HN} \\ \text{CH2-N-CH2-HN} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \text{Ph} \\ \text{CN} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 852241-05-5 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2,2'-[(butylimino)bis(methylene)]bis[5-cyano-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-phenyl-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{MeO-} \\ \text{Ph} \\ \text{NC} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{N-Bu} \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{N-CH}_2 \\ \text{HN} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \text{Ph} \\ \text{CN} \\ \end{array}$$

REFERENCE COUNT:

7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 8 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:14372 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:113884

TITLE:

Preparation of 3-aminopyrrolidines as inhibitors of

monoamine uptake

INVENTOR(S):

Beadle, Christopher David; Cases-Thomas, Manuel

Javier; Clark, Barry Peter; Gallagher, Peter Thaddeus; Masters, John Joseph; Timms, Graham Henry; Walter, Magnus Wilhelm; Whatton, Maria Ann; Wood, Virginia

Ann; Gilmore, Jeremy

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eli Lilly and Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 166 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PAT	ENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D	ATE	
						-									_		
WO	2005	8000	11		A1		2005	0106	1	WO 2	004-	US13	004		2	0040	511
	W:			ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,				
		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW.

# 10/823,494

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RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
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             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     EP 1638934
                          Α1
                                20060329
                                            EP 2004-750759
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            GB 2003-13463
                                                                Α
                                                                   20030611
                                            US 2003-510867P
                                                                Ρ
                                                                   20031014
                                            US 2003-524450P
                                                                P
                                                                   20031124
                                            US 2003-524781P
                                                                P
                                                                   20031125
                                            WO 2004-US13004
                                                                W 20040511
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 142:113884
GI
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Title compds. [I; R1 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, (CH2)qAr2, etc.; R2-R4 = H, alkyl; Ar1, Ar2 = (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl; with provisos], were prepared Thus, tert-Bu (3S)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate, 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde, and NaBH(OAc)3 were stirred 72 h in tri-Me orthoformate to give tert-Bu (3S)-3-[(1-methylethyl)-[[3,5-dichlorophenyl]methyl]amino]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate. This was stirred 30 min. in CH2Cl2/CF3CO2H to give (3S)-N-(1-methylethyl)-N-[[3,5-dichlorophenyl]methyl]pyrrolidin-3-amine isolated as the D-tartrate. I showed Ki <200 nM for inhibition of reuptake of ≥1 of serotonin, norepinephrine, and dopamine by their transporter proteins.

IT 820984-83-6P 820984-86-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aminopyrrolidines as inhibitors of monoamine uptake) 820984-83-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N-(2-methylpropyl)-3-phenyl-N-(3S)-3-pyrrolidinyl-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

RN

CRN 820984-82-5 CMF C20 H27 N3

CM 2

CRN 87-69-4 CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 820984-86-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N-cyclohexyl-3-phenyl-N-(3S)-3-pyrrolidinyl-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 820984-85-8 CMF C22 H29 N3

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 87-69-4 CMF C4 H6 O6

### IT 820984-82-5 820984-85-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aminopyrrolidines as inhibitors of monoamine uptake)

RN 820984-82-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N-(2-methylpropyl)-3-phenyl-N-(3S)-3-pyrrolidinyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 820984-85-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N-cyclohexyl-3-phenyl-N-(3S)-3-pyrrolidinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

### IT 820985-53-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of aminopyrrolidines as inhibitors of monoamine uptake)

RN 820985-53-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid, 3-[(2-methylpropyl)]((3-phenyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: .

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 9 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:780666 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:296046

TITLE:

Preparation of nitrogen-containing heterocyclic

derivatives as chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists and drugs containing the same as the active ingredient

INVENTOR(S):

Nishizawa, Rena; Takaoka, Yoshikazu; Shibayama, Shiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 306 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

CODEN: PIXXD2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

a apano

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN						ICAT					ATE	
WC	2004	0809														0040	312
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		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	ŪG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
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	SK, TR, B					CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,
	TD, TG																
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CA	2517	888			AA		2004	0923		CA 2	004-	2517	888		2	0040	312
EP	1604	981			<b>A</b> 1		2005	1214	;	EP 2	004-	7202	57	•	2	0040	312
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BR	2004	0083	32		Α		2006	0321		BR 2	004-	8332			2	0040	312
	1787										004-						
NO	2005	0042	44		Α		2005	1214	1	NO 2	005-	4244			2	0050	913
US	2006	1783	99		<b>A</b> 1		2006	0810	1	US 2	005-	5491	20		2	0050	914
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	003-	7034	7	1	A 2	0030	314
										JP 2	003-	3856	83	7	A 2	0031	114
									1	WO 2	004-	JP33	33	7	A 20	0040	312
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MAR	TAS	141:	29604	46								

GI

$$R1$$
  $A$   $X$   $B$   $Y$   $D$   $R2$   $I$ 

AB The title compds. [I; R1 = H, (un)protected acid group; X, Y = a bond, a spacer having 1-3 carbon atoms in the main chain; the ring A or B = (un) substituted 3- to 15-membered allocyclic or heterocyclic ring; the ring D = (un)substituted 3- to 15-membered N-containing heterocyclic ring; R2 = H, cyano, oxo, (un)protected HO, each (un)substituted hydrocarbyl, NH2, or 3- to 15-membered heterocyclyl, :N(OR6); wherein R6 = H, C1-4 alkyl] salts or solvates thereof or prodrugs thereof are prepared These compds. are chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists and useful in preventing and/or treating human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection (in particular, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome), immune diseases (in particular, rejection in organ transplantation), and various inflammatory diseases (in particular, asthma). The various inflammatory diseases may also include nephritis, nephropathy, hepatitis, arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, rhinitis, conjunctivitis, and ulcerative colitis. The immunol. diseases may further include autoimmune diseases, psoriasis, and multiple sclerosis. They may be also useful for treating and/or preventing allergic diseases (atopic dermatitis, urticaria, allergic bronchoplumonary aspergillosis, or allergic eosinophilic gastroenteritis), ischemic reperfusion injury, acute respiratory distress syndrome, and shock accompanying bacterial infection, diabetes, cancer metastasis. Thus, a solution of 500 mg 1-[4-[4-(methylsulfonylamino)phenoxy]benzyl]piperidine-4- carboxaldehyde, 396 mg N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-cyclohexylalanine, 0.140 mL n-butylamine, and 0.179 mL 2-morpholinoethyl isocyanide in 13 mL MeOH was stirred at 65° for 12 h, treated with 0.5 mL concentrated HCl, stirred for 2 h, concentrated, treated with 15 mL CH2Cl2 and 15 mL saturated aqueous NaHCO3, and extracted twice with CH2Cl2 to give, after workup, a residue which was heated with 1.25 M AcOH/EtOAc (20 mL) at 70° for 12 h to give, after workup and silica gel (cyclohexylmethyl)-3,6-dioxopiperazin-2- yl]piperidin-1-(methylsulfonylamino)phenoxy]benzyl]piperidin-4- yl]cyclohexanecarboxamide hydrochloride (II) inhibited the human RANTES-induced temporary increase in cellular Ca2+ ion concentration in CHO stably expressing excess human CCR5 with IC50 of 0.077  $\mu$ M. Pharmaceutical formulations, e.g. an ampule containing II, were described.

IT 763931-40-4P 763931-74-4P 763931-75-5P 763931-76-6P 763931-79-9P 763932-05-4P 763932-12-3P 763932-22-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivs. as  ${\tt CCR5}$  antagonists for

treating or preventing HIV infection, immune diseases, and inflammatory diseases)

RN 763931-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]carbonyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

RN 763931-74-4 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[(2,4-difluorophenyl)amino]carbonyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

RN 763931-75-5 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[(cyclobutylamino)carbonyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

RN

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[(6-methyl-3-pyridinyl)amino]carbonyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-, trihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●3 HCl

RN 763931-79-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[4-[[(2-hydroxypropyl)amino]carbonyl][(3methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-,
dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \overset{\circ}{\text{U}} \\ \hline & \text{N} \\ \text{Me} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{N} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

●2 HCl

RN 763932-05-4 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)amino]carbonyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-, trihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

●3 HCl

RN 763932-12-3 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-[[4-[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]][[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]methyl]amino]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]phenyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

RN 763932-22-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2,4-difluoro-5-[[[[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl][1-[[4-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]phenyl]methyl]-4piperidinyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2 HC1

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 10 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:732311 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1/1.256001

TITLE:

Method for labeling phosphorylated peptides, complex compounds used in the methods, process for producing

the same, and their intermediates

INVENTOR(S):

Koike, Tohru; Kawasaki, Akihiko; Kobashi, Tatsuhiro;

Takahagi, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kabushiki Kaisha Nard Kenkyusho, Japan

Eur. Pat. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1455189	A1	20040908	EP 2004-4112	20040224
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK,	, ES, FR, GB	, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,
		Page 66	of 128	

# 10/823,494

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IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
    AU 2004218127
                          A1
                                20040916
                                            AU 2004-218127
    CA 2517705
                          AA
                                20040916
                                            CA 2004-2517705
                                                                    20040223
    WO 2004078724
                                            WO 2004-JP2048
                          A1
                                20040916
                                                                    20040223
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             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
             GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    US 2004198712
                          A1
                                20041007
                                            US 2004-784576
                                                                    20040223
    CN 1526724
                                20040908
                                                                    20040224
                          Α
                                            CN 2004-10007684
    JP 2006176537
                          A2
                                20060706
                                            JP 2006-58217
                                                                    20060303
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-56068
                                                                    20030303
                                            JP 2003-113707
                                                                Α
                                                                    20030418
                                            JP 2003-356934
                                                                    20031016
                                                                Α
                                            JP 2004-44035
                                                                    20040220
                                                                A
                                            WO 2004-JP2048
                                                                    20040223
                                                                Α
                                            JP 2004-94160
                                                                A 20040329
                                            JP 2005-514810
                                                                A3 20041012
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:256991

AB Provided are a method for easily detecting phosphorylated peptides, namely, proteins, in samples derived from living organisms or the like, a method for selectively adsorbing the phosphorylated peptides, and compds. that are highly coordinated to the phosphorylated peptides and usable in the methods. The complex compound is represented by the formula: wherein X is a linker moiety, and Y is a labeling group. The compound (I) is highly coordinated to a phosphorylated peptide. and has a labeling group. Accordingly, with use of the compound (I), the phosphorylated peptide can be easily identified.

IT 753451-73-9P 753451-74-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(method for labeling phosphorylated peptides, complex compds. used in methods, process for producing same, and their intermediates)

RN 753451-73-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinol, 2-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 753451-74-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanoic acid, hexahydro-2-oxo-, 2-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-3-pyridinyl ester, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 11 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:718519 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:225532

TITLE:

Preparation of Aryl acid pyrimidinyl/pyridazinyl

methyl amides and related compounds as GABAA receptor

ligands

INVENTOR(S):

Xie, Linghong; Han, Bingsong; Xu, Yuelian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neurogen Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

CODEN: PIXXD2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PAT	ENT I	vo.			KIN		DATE						NO.		D.	ATE	
WO	2004	0742	59		A1										2	0040	216
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		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,
	BG, CH, C					DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,
	MC, NL, P																
	GQ, GW, MI					NE,	SN,	TD,	TG								
CA	25081	731			AA	•	2004	0902		CA 2	004-2	2508	731		2	0040	216
EP	1594	848			<b>A</b> 1		2005	1116		EP 2	004-	7114	15		2	0040	216
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
								MK,									•
JР	2006																216
US	20063	1353	67		A1		2006	0622	1	US 2	005-	5448	82		2	0050	805
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 2	003-4	4482	71P	]	P 20	0030	219
									1	WO 2	004-	IB9		1	W 2	0040	216
OTHER SO	URCE	(S):			MARI	TAS	141:	2255	32								

$$X = N$$
 $Y$ 
 $R = N$ 
 $R = N$ 

AB Title compds. I [Ar = Ph, naphthyl, etc.; X, Y, Z = N, CR1, such that Y is CR1 if X = N, or Y taken with X or Z to form a 5-membered heterocyclic ring, etc.; R1 = H, halo, NO2, CN, etc.; R4 = OH, NO2, CN, NH2, etc.; R5-6 = H, Me, Et, etc.; R7 = alk(en)yl, cycloalk(en)yl, etc.] are prepared For instance, N-[(4,6-diethoxypyridazin-3-yl)methyl]-2,5-difluoro-N-(3-methylbutyl)benzamide was prepared in 5 steps from 4,6-dichloropyridazine-3- carboxylic acid Et ester. Compds. of the invention had Ki < 1 μM for the GABAA receptor. I are useful for in the treatment of a variety of central nervous system (CNS) disorders in humans, domesticated companion animals, and livestock animals. Compds. provided herein may be administered alone or in combination with one or more other CNS agents to potentiate the effects of the other CNS agent(s).

748807-66-1P, 6-Fluoropyridine-2-carboxylic acid
N-(butyl)-N-[(3,5-diethoxypyridin-2-yl)methyl]amide
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
(Uses)

(preparation of Aryl acid pyrimidinyl/pyridazinyl Me amides and related compds. as GABAA receptor ligands)

RN 748807-66-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-butyl-N-[(3,5-diethoxy-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-6-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 12 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:971433 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:156145

TITLE:

Synthesis and Spectroscopy of  $\mu\text{-Oxo}$  (O2-)-Bridged Heme/Non-heme Diiron Complexes: Models for the Active

Site of Nitric Oxide Reductase

AUTHOR(S):

Wasser, Ian M.; Martens, Constantinus F.; Verani, Claudio N.; Rentschler, Eva; Huang, Hong-wei;

Moeenne-Loccoz, Pierre; Zakharov, Lev N.; Rheingold,

Arnold L.; Karlin, Kenneth D.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Johns Hopkins University,

Baltimore, MD, 21218, USA

SOURCE:

Inorganic Chemistry (2004), 43(2), 651-662

Page 69 of 128

CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:156145

The authors describe the synthesis and study of heme/nonheme Fe-O-Fe' complexes supported by a porphyrin and the tripodal N ligand TMPA [TMPA = tris(2-pyridylmethyl)amine]. The complete synthesis of [(6L)Fe-O-Fe(X)]+ (1) (X = OMe- or Cl-, 69:31 ratio), where 6L is the diamion of 5-(o-O-[(N,N-bis(2pyridylmethyl)-2-(6-methoxy)pyridinemethanamino)phenyl])-10,15,20-tris(2,6difluorophenyl)porphine, is reported. The crystal structure for 1.PF6 reveals an intramol. heme/nonheme diferric complex bridged by an Fe-O-Fe' moiety;  $\angle$ (Fe-O-Fe') = 166.7(3)°, and d(Fe···Fe') = 3.556 Å. Crystal data for C70H57ClF12Fe2N8O3P (1.PF6): triclinic, space group P.hivin.1, a 13.185(3), b 14.590(3) Å, c 16.885(4) Å,  $\alpha$  104.219(4),  $\beta$  91.572(4),  $\gamma$  107.907(4)°, Z = 2, T = 150(2) K. Complex 1 (X = Cl-) is further characterized by UV-visible, resonance Raman and Mossbauer spectroscopies, MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry and SQUID susceptometry (J = - 114.82 cm-1, S = 0). The authors also synthesized 3-, 4-, and 5-methyl-substituted as well as selectively deuterated TMPA(Fe') complexes and condensed these with the hydroxo complex (F8) FeOH (H2F8 = tetrakis(2,6-difluorophenyl)porphyrin) or (F8-d8)FeOH to yield untethered Fe-O-Fe' analogs. Along with selective deuteration of the methylene hydrogens in TMPA, complete 1H NMR spectroscopic assignments for 1 were accomplished. magnetic properties of several of the untethered complexes and a comparison to those of 1 are also presented. Complex 1 and related species represent good structural and spectroscopic models for the heme/nonheme diiron active site in the enzyme nitric oxide reductase.

RN 202192-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-methyl-N,N-bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 66 THERE ARE 66 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 13 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:796667 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:307693

TITLE: Preparation of substituted tetrahydroisoguinolines as

C5a receptor modulators

INVENTOR(S): Mitchell, Scott; Ohliger, Robert; Zhang, Luyan; Zhao,

He; Currie, Kevin; Lee, Kyungae

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neurogen Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

GI

PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA'	TENT	ΝΟ.			KIN	D	DATE					TION				DATE	
WO	2003	0828	28		<b>A</b> 1	_	2003	1009								20030	325
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BE	B, BG	, BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA	, сн,	CN,
																, GE,	
																, LK,	
																, OM,	
																, TT,	
							VN,										·
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ	, TZ	, UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM	, AZ,	BY,
																, EE,	
	FI, FR, GE																
	BF, BJ, CF																
CA	2479				AA											20030	
AU	2003	2183	74		A1												
EP	1487	798			A1		2004	1222		ΕP	2003	-7143	71			20030	325
																, MC,	
												, BG,					•
JP	2006	5088	94		Т2											20030	325
US	2004	0060	69		A1											20030	
US	6777	422			B2		2004	0817	•								
US	2004	2044	46		<b>A1</b>		2004	1014	. 1	US	2004	-8248	26			20040	415
US	6916	830			B2		2005	0712									
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US	2002	-3681	99P		P .	20020	328
												-US90				20030	
									1	US	2003	-4011	35		A1 :	20030	327
OTHER SO	DURCE	(S):			MARI	TAS	139:	30769									

II

The title compds. [I; x = 1-3; R = halo, OH, alkoxy, etc.; R1 = alkyl, AB alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R2-R4 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy; R5, R6 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R7 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; Ar1 = (un) substituted Ph, naphthyl, biphenyl, etc.; Ar2 = (un)unsubstituted aryl, heteroaryl] which are ligands that may be used to modulate C5a receptor activity in vivo or in vitro, and are particularly useful in the treatment of conditions associated with pathol. C5a receptor activation in humans, domesticated companion animals and livestock animals, were prepared Thus, reacting 6,7-dimethoxy-1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline.HCl with N-(1-fluorobenzyl)-N-(indan-2-yl)-2bromoacetamide in the presence of K2CO3 in MeCN afforded II. Preferred compds. I exhibit IC50 values of less than 1  $\mu M$  in the assay for C5a receptor mediated chemotaxis. Pharmaceutical compns. and methods for using them to treat disorders associated with pathol. C5a receptor activation are provided, as are methods for using such ligands for receptor localization studies.

IT 610298-28-7P

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(preparation of new aryl imidazoles and related compds. as C5a receptor modulators)

610298-28-7 HCAPLUS RN

2(1H)-Isoquinolineacetamide, N-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-N-[(3-fluoro-2-CN pyridinyl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro- $\alpha$ -methyl-1-(1-naphthalenyl)-,  $(\alpha S, 1R) - (9CI)$  (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 14 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:511444 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:87012

TITLE: Support-fixed bleaching catalyst complex compounds

suitable as catalysts for peroxide compounds

INVENTOR(S):

Gentschev, Pavel; Doering, Steve; Breyer, Jacques;

Machin, Antonio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Henkel Kommanditgesellschaft Auf Aktien, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	WO 2003054128	A1	20030703	WO 2002-EP14290	20021216
	W: AU, BR, BY,	CA, CN	, DZ, HU, II	O, IL, IN, JP, KR, MX,	
	RO, RU, SG,				
	RW: AT, BE, BG,	CH, CY	, CZ, DE, DI	K, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB,	GR, IE, IT,
	LU, MC, NL,	PT, SE,		२	
	DE 10163331	A1	20030710	DE 2001-10163331	20011221
	AU 2002360982	A1	20030709	AU 2002-360982	20021216
	EP 1456337	A1	20040915		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK,	ES, FR, G	B, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,
	IE, SI, FI,	RO, CY,	TR, BG, C	Z, EE, SK	
	US 2004266641	A1	20041230	US 2004-873071	20040621
PRIC	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2001-10163331	A 20011221
					W 20021216
AB	The invention relate	es to s	upport-fixe	d bleaching catalyst(s	) suitable for the
	catalysis of peroxi	de comp	ds., charac	terized in that the su	pport-fixed
	bleaching catalyst(	s) is/a	re covalent	ly bonded to a support	by means of at
	least one organic l	igand o	f the bleac	hing catalyst. The bl	<pre>eaching catalyst(s)</pre>
	form(s) a complex w	ith at	least one t	ransition metal. The	invention further
	relates to support-	fixed b	leaching ca	talysts for the cataly	sis of peroxide
	compds., where at le	east on	e ligand, c	ovalently bonded to a	support, is a
	transition-metal-fr	ee liga	nd, which c	helates with a transit	ion metal, derived
	from another source	, prefe	rably from	the bleaching composit	ion and/or added
	water and thus form	s the c	omplex with	a transition metal.	These bleaching
	catalysts are useful	l in la	undering of	colored fabrics at lo	w temps. A typical
	catalyst was manufa	ctured :	by reaction	of chloromethylated p	olystyrene with
	bis(2-pyridylmethyl)	)amine,	and comple	xing the products with	Fe(ClO4)3.
IT	<b>260395-26-4DP</b> , N-Met	hyl-N,N	'',N'-tris(3	-methyl-2-	
	pyridylmethyl)ethyle	nediami	ne, reaction	on products with polyme	ers, transition
	metal complexes 2603	3 <i>95-27-5</i>	<i>DP</i> , N,N',N'	-Tris(3-methyl-2-	
	pyridylmethyl)-N-eth	ylethyl	enediamine,	reaction products wit	ch polymers,
	transition metal com	plexes			
	RL: CAT (Catalyst us	e); IMF	' (Industria	l manufacture); PREP	(Preparation);
	HSES (HEAR)				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

bleaching agents)
RN 260395-26-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-methyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(polymer-supported transition metal complexes as catalysts for peroxide

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $Me$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $Me$   $CH_2$ 

USES (Uses)

RN 260395-27-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-ethyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 15 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:511300 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:94262

TITLE: Preparation of zinc complexes capable of scavenging

substances bearing anionic substituents

INVENTOR(S): Koike, Tohru; Suzuki, Masatatsu; Shionoya, Mitsuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
WO 2002052022	7.1	20020702	TO 0000 TD10041		
WO 2003053932 W: DE, JP, US	A1	20030703	WO 2002-JP13341		20021220
US 2005038258	A1	20050217	US 2004-878131		20040621
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-390395	Α	20011221
			WO 2002-JP13341	Α1	20021220
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	139:94262			

AB The title compds. I [R = H, C1-C16 alkyl, etc.; A1 = A3 = Zn2+; A2 = O-] are prepared I are useful as additives in mass spectrometry, NMR, etc.

IT 553645-33-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of zinc complexes capable of scavenging substances bearing anionic substituents useful in mass spectrometry and NMR)

RN 553645-33-3 HCAPLUS

2-Propanol, 1-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-3-[bis[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 16 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:813938 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:337907

TITLE:

CN

Preparation of N-(heteroarylalkyl)acylamides as CXCR3

antagonists for treatment of inflammatory or immune

conditions

INVENTOR(S):

Medina, Julio C.; Johnson, Michael G.; Li, An-Rong; Liu, Jiwen; Huang, Alan Xi; Zhu, Liusheng; Marcus,

Andrew P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tularik Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 205 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO.					IND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	2002	0831	43		A1	_	2002	1024	•	WO 2	001-	 US47	<del></del>		2	0011	211	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
								DM,										
								IS,										
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	
		UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW						-	•	
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	
								GB,										
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
CA	2431							1024										
US	2002	1691	59		A1		2002	1114	1	US 2	001-	1553	2		2	0011	211	
US	6964	967	•		B2		2005	1115										
EP	1343	505			<b>A1</b>		2003	0917	]	EP 2	001-	2735	33		2	00112	211	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	

Page 75 of 128

	IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI, RO, N	MK, C	Y, AI	L, TR			
JP 2	200453679	6		T2	200412	209	JP	2002-5	80947		20011211
CN 1	1575177			Α	200502	202	CN	2001-8	22596		20011211
BR 2	200101609	6		Α	200510	018	BR	2001-1	.6096		20011211
NZ 5	526622			Α	200607	728	NZ	2001-5	26622		20011211
US 2	200306923	4		A1	200304	410	US	2002-1	64690		20020606
us e	5794379			B2	200409	921					
US 2	200305505	4		A1	200303	320	US	2002-2	31895		20020829
us 7	7053215			B2	200605	530					
ZA 2	200300434	2		Α	200505	509	ZA	2003-4	342		20030603
NO 2	200300261	2		Α	200308	805	NO	2003-2	612		20030610
US 2	200507533	3		A1	200504	407	US	2004-9	46935		20040921
US 7	7067662			B2	200606	627					
US 2	200611638	8		A1	200606	601	US	2006-3	32054		20060113
PRIORITY	APPLN. I	NFO.	:				US	2000-2	55241P	P	20001211
							บร	2001-2	96499P	P	20010606
							US	2001-1	5532	A1	20011211
							WO	2001-U	S47850	W	20011211
							US	2002-1	64690	A1	20020606
							US	2002-2	31895	A1	20020829

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 137:337907

GI

Title compds. I [wherein X = a bond, CO, CR5R6, CR5:, SO, SO2, or N:; Z = a bond, N:, O, S, NR17, or CR7:; with the proviso that X and Z are not both a bond; L = CO-alkylene or (hetero)alkylene; Q = (hetero)alkylene, CO, OCO, NR8CO, CH2CO, CH2SO, or CH2SO2; or NLQ = heterocyclyl; R1 and R2 = independently H, (hetero)alkyl, or (hetero)aryl; or CR1R2 = (hetero)cyclyl; or CNR2L = heterocyclyl; R3 = OH, alkoxy, NH2, (di)alkylamino, heteroalkyl, heterocyclyl, acylaminoamidino, guanidino, ureido, CN, heteroaryl, carbamoyl, or carboxy; R4 = (hetero)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R5 and R6 = independently H, (hetero)alkyl, or (hetero)aryl; or CR5R6 = a ring; R7 and R8 = independently H, (hetero)alkyl, or (hetero)aryl; Y1 and Y2 = independently CR12: N:, O, S, or NR13; Y3 = N or C, wherein C shares a double bond with either Z or Y4; Y4 = NR14, CR14:, N:, NR14CR15R16; R12 = H, halo, OH, NH2, (di)alkylamino, (hetero)alkyl, or (hetero)aryl, with provisos; R13 = H,

(hetero)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R14 = (hetero)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R15 and R16 = independently H or (hetero)alkyl; R17 = H, (hetero)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; with provisos] were prepared as chemokine receptor modulators, in particular CXCR3 antagonists. For example, anthranilic acid was acylated with propionyl chloride and the amide cyclized using acetic anhydride to give 2-ethylbenzo[d][1,3]oxazine-4-one. Treatment with 4-fluoroaniline, followed by ethylene glycol and NaOH afforded 2-ethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)- 3H-quinazolin-4-one. Bromination and stepwise addition of 1-amino-2-methoxyethane and decanoyl chloride produced the decanoic acid (quinazolinylethyl) (methoxyethyl)amide II. Approx. one third of the 101 invention compds. tested in a CXCR3 binding assay displayed activity with IC50 values of < 1  $\mu$ M. I are useful for the treatment of inflammatory and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, such as multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, and type I diabetes (no data).

IT 473720-00-2P

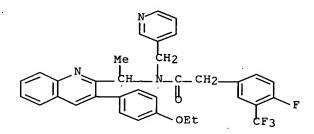
CN

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(CXCR3 antagonist; preparation of N-(heteroarylalkyl)acylamides as CXCR3 antagonists for treatment of inflammatory or immune conditions)

RN 473720-00-2 HCAPLUS

Benzeneacetamide, N-[1-[3-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-quinolinyl]ethyl]-4-fluoro-N-(3-pyridinylmethyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 17 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:813424 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:153131

TITLE: New manganese catalysts for alcohol oxidation

AUTHOR(S): Brinksma, Jelle; Rispens, Minze T.; Hage, Ronald;

Feringa, Ben L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Organic Chemistry, Stratingh Institute,

University of Groningen, Groningen, 9747 AG, Neth.

SOURCE: Inorganica Chimica Acta (2002), 337, 75-82

CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693

CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-16

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:153131

AB The in situ prepared manganese complexes based on ligand N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)-1,3-propanediamine have been used in the catalytic oxidation of alcs. to aldehydes or ketones. Highly active and selective catalysts were

found with excellent turnover nos. (up to 900) using aqueous hydrogen peroxide as oxidant at ambient temps. EPR spectroscopy and electrospray mass spectrometry has indicated that dinuclear species may be involved in the catalytic oxidns. Comparing the rate of oxidation of benzyl-d7 alc. with that of benzyl alc. by the different catalysts yielded isotope effects (kH/kD) of 2.2-4.3. Although the exact nature of the oxidizing species has not been elucidated, these results indicate that hydroxyl radicals are not involved in these processes.

IT 260395-28-6 494825-18-2

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalytically active ligand; in situ prepared Mn complexes based on ligand N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)-1,3-propanediamine as selective oxidation catalysts for primary and secondary alcs. using aqueous hydrogen peroxide as oxidant)

RN 260395-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN

1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2-Ph$   $Me$   $CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2$ 

RN 494825-18-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $Ph$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $N$   $CH_2$   $N$   $CH_2$   $N$   $N$   $CH_2$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 62 THERE ARE 62 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 18 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:893482 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:193225

TITLE:

Coordination of semiquinone and superoxide radical anions to the zinc ion in SOD model complexes that act as the key step in disproportionation of the radical

anions

AUTHOR(S): Ohtsu, Hideki; Fukuzumi, Shunichi

Page 78 of 128

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Material and Life Science Graduate

School of Engineering, Osaka University CREST, JAPAN Science and Technology Corporation, Suita, 565-0871,

Japan

SOURCE:

Chemistry--A European Journal (2001), 7(22), 4947-4953

CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539

PUBLISHER:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 136:193225

Reactions of imidazolate-bridged CuII-ZnII heterodinuclear and CuII-CuII homodinuclear complexes, [CuIIZnII(bdpi)(CH3CN)2](ClO4)3.2CH3CN (1) and [CuII2(bdpi)(CH3CN)2](Cl04)3·CH3CN·3H2O (2) (Hbdpi = 4,5-bis(di(2pyridylmethyl)aminomethyl)imidazole), with the p-benzosemiquinone radical anion (Q•-) have been examined to provide mechanistic insight into the role of the ZnII ion in copper-zinc superoxide dismutase (Cu, Zn-SOD). The addition of less than one equivalent of Q - to a deaerated solution of 1 or 2 in propionitrile at  $-80^{\circ}$  results in the oxidation of Q $\bullet$ - accompanied by the appearance of a new absorption band at 585 nm due to the CuI-Q complex (3 or 4, resp.), the absorbance of which increases linearly with the increase in Q. concentration Both the resonance Raman spectra of 3 and 4 exhibit a strong resonance-enhanced Raman band at 1580 cm-1, which can be assigned to a CO stretching vibration in the CuI-Q complexes. Further addition of Q•- to a deaerated solution of 3 in propionitrile results in the reduction of Q.-, whereas no reduction of Q - occurs with 4, which does not contain the ZnII Thus, the coordination of  $Q \bullet -$  to the ZnII ion is essential for the reduction of Q•- by the CuI ion in 3. The coordination of O2•- and Q•- to the ZnII ion has been confirmed by the electronic and ESR spectra of the O2•- and Q - complexes with mononuclear ZnII complexes, [ZnII{MeIm(Py)2}(CH3CN)](Cl04)2 (5) and  $[ZnII\{MeIm(Me)2\}(H2O)](ClO4)2$  (6) [MeIm(Py)2] = (1-methyl-4imidazolylmethyl)bis(2-pyridylmethyl)amine, MeIm(Me)2 = (1-methyl-4imidazolylmethyl)bis(6-methyl-2-pyridylmethyl)amine). The binding energies of 02. with the ZnII ion in 5 and 6 have been evaluated from the deviation of the g values of the ESR spectra from the free spin value.

IT 399024-69-2P

CN

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and complexation with zinc)

42

RN 399024-69-2 HCAPLUS

2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-methyl-N-[(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-N-[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT Page 79 of 128

L36 ANSWER 19 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:417457 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:164014

TITLE: Stereospecific Alkane Hydroxylation by Non-Heme Iron

Catalysts: Mechanistic Evidence for an FeV:O Active

Species

AUTHOR(S): Chen, Kui; Que, Lawrence, Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Center for Metals in

Biocatalysis, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis,

MN, 55455, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001),

123(26), 6327-6337

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:164014

High-valent iron-oxo species have frequently been invoked in the oxidation of hydrocarbons by both heme and non-heme enzymes. Although a formally FeV:0 species, i.e., [(Por•)FeIV:0]+, has been widely accepted as the key oxidant in stereospecific alkane hydroxylation by heme systems, it is not established that such a high-valent state can be accessed by a non-heme ligand environment. Herein we report a systematic study on alkane oxidns. with H2O2 catalyzed by a group of non-heme iron complexes, i.e., [FeII(TPA)(CH3CN)2]2+ (1, TPA = tris(2-pyridylmethyl)amine) and its  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -substituted analogs. The reactivity patterns of this family of FeII(TPA) catalysts can be modulated by the electronic and steric properties of the ligand environment, which affects the spin states of a common FeIII-OOH intermediate. Such an FeIIIperoxo species is high-spin when the TPA ligand has two or three  $\alpha$ substituents and is proposed to be directly responsible for the selective C-H bond cleavage of the alkane substrate. The thus-generated alkyl radicals, however, have relatively long lifetimes and are susceptible to radical epimerization and trapping by O2. On the other hand, 1 and the  $\beta$ -substituted FeII(TPA) complexes catalyze stereospecific alkane hydroxylation by a mechanism involving both a low-spin FeIII-OOH intermediate and an FeV:O species derived from O-O bond heterolysis. We propose that the heterolysis pathway is promoted by two factors: (a) the low-spin iron(III) center which weakens the O-O bond and (b) the binding of an adjacent water ligand that can hydrogen bond to the terminal oxygen of the hydroperoxo group and facilitate the departure of the hydroxide. Evidence for the FeV:O species comes from isotope-labeling studies showing incorporation of 180 from H2180 into the alc. products. 180-incorporation occurs by H2180 binding to the low-spin FeIII-OOH intermediate, its conversion to a cis-H180-FeV:O species, and then oxo-hydroxo tautomerization. The relative contributions of the two pathways of this dualoxidant mechanism are affected by both the electron donating ability of the TPA ligand and the strength of the C-H bond to be broken. These studies thus serve as a synthetic precedent for an FeV:O species in the oxygen activation mechanisms postulated for non-heme iron enzymes such as methane monooxygenase and Rieske dioxygenases.

#### IT 202192-54-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (stereospecific alkane hydroxylation by non-heme iron catalysts and mechanistic evidence for FeV:O active species)

RN 202192-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-methyl-N, N-bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-. (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

85 THERE ARE 85 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 20 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 2001:257215 HCAPLUS Full-text

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:40010

TITLE:

Covalently linked ruthenium(II)-manganese(II)

complexes: distance dependence of quenching and

electron transfer

AUTHOR(S): Berg, Katja E.; Tran, Anh; Raymond, Mary Katherine;

> Abrahamsson, Malin; Wolny, Juliusz; Redon, Sophie; Andersson, Mikael; Sun, Licheng; Styring, Stenbjorn; Hammarstrom, Leif; Toftlund, Hans; Akermark, Bjorn

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dept. of Organic Chemistry, Stockholm University,

Stockholm, 106 91, Swed.

SOURCE:

European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry (2001), (4),

1019-1029

CODEN: EJICFO; ISSN: 1434-1948

PUBLISHER:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 135:40010

Continuing the authors' development of artificial models for photosystem II in green plants, compds. were prepared in which a Ru(bpy)32+ photosensitizer is covalently linked to a Mn(II) electron donor. In addition to a trispicolylamine ligand, two other Mn ligands, dipicolylamine and aminodiacetic acid, were introduced to study ligands that are appropriate for the construction of Mn dimers with open coordination sites for the binding of Coordination equilibrium of the Mn ions were monitored by EPR. The interactions between the Ru and Mn moieties were probed by flash photolysis, cyclic voltammetry and steady-state and time-resolved emission measurements. The quenching of the RuII excited state by MnII is rapid in complexes with short Ru-Mn distances. Nevertheless, each RuII species could be photooxidized by bimol. quenching with methylviologen, and the subsequent electron transfer from MnII to RuIII could be monitored.

IT 344367-78-8 344367-79-9

> RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(elec. potential of couple containing)

RN 344367-78-8 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium(3+), bis(2,2'-bipyridine- $\kappa$ N1, $\kappa$ N1')[3-[(4'methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-4-yl-κN1,κN1')methoxy]-N,N-bis(2pyridinylmethyl)-2-pyridinemethanamine]-, (OC-6-33)- (9CI) NAME)

RN 344367-79-9 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium(1+), bis(2,2'-bipyridine-κN1,κN1')[3-[(4'-methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-4-yl-κN1,κN1')methoxy]-N,N-bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)-2-pyridinemethanamine]-, (OC-6-33)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# IT 344367-63-1P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and complexation with manganese dichloride and cyclic voltammetry and photophys.)

RN 344367-63-1 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium(2+), bis(2,2'-bipyridine- $\kappa$ N1, $\kappa$ N1')[3-[(4'-

methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-4-yl-κN1,κN1')methoxy]-N,N-bis(2pyridinylmethyl)-2-pyridinemethanamine]-, (OC-6-33)-, bis[hexafluorophosphate(1-)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344367-62-0 CMF C50 H44 N10 O Ru

CCI CCS

2 CM

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS

344367-68-6DP, manganese ruthenium bipyridine complex IT RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT

(Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and cyclic voltammetry and photophys.)

RN 344367-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-[(4'-methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-4-yl)methoxy]-N,Nbis(2-pyridinylmethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 344367-61-9P

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reactant for preparation of manganese ruthenium complexes with

bipyridine having dipicolylamine or aminodiacetic acid pendants)

RN 344367-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinol, 2-[[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 21 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2001:247836 HCAPLUS Full-text

TITLE:

135:39981

Fine Tuning of the Interaction between the Copper(I)

and Disulfide Bond. Formation of a

Bis (μ-thiolato) dicopper (II) Complex by Reductive

Cleavage of the Disulfide Bond with Copper(I) AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Itoh, Shinobu; Nagagawa, Motonobu; Fukuzumi, Shunichi Department of Chemistry Graduate School of Science, Osaka City University, Sumiyoshi-ku Osaka, 558-8585,

Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001),

123(17), 4087-4088

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

Page 84 of 128

### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 22 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:216947 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:86033

TITLE:

Chiral induction upon coordination to form an

enantiomeric bis-chelate ruthenium(II)-tris(3-methyl-2-

pyridylmethyl)amine complex

AUTHOR(S):

Kojima, Takahiko; Matsuda, Yoshihisa

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Graduate School of Sciences, Department of Chemistry,

Kyushu University, Higashi-Ku, Hakozaki, Fukuoka,

812-8581, Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions

(2001), (7), 958-960

CODEN: JCSDAA; ISSN: 1472-7773 Royal Society of Chemistry

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Royal Society of Chemis

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 135:86033

The reaction of tris(3-methyl-2-pyridylmethyl) amine with RuCl3 in MeOH in the presence of NEt3 under N2 gave a novel bis-chelate Ru(II) mononuclear complex [Ru(3-Me3-TPA)2](PF6)2. (1). The crystal structure of 1 was revealed to be C2-sym. and chiral due to the asym. tertiary N's and a unit cell contains two (R,R) and two (S,S) isomers to form a racemic crystal. The isolated isomer turned out to be a cis isomer. Chiral induction to a C3-sym. and nonprochiral tris(3-methyl-2-pyridylmethyl)amine was achieved upon coordination to a Ru(II) center by forming a stable fac-cis bis-chelate complex selectively and 1H NMR spectroscopy showed that the chirality is maintained even in solution

IT 202192-54-9, Tris(3-methyl-2-pyridylmethyl)amine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(for preparation of enantiomeric bis-chelate ruthenium(II)

tris(3-methyl-2-pyridylmethyl)amine complex)

RN 202192-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-methyl-N, N-bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 23 OF 34 ACCESSION NUMBER:

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 2001:168088 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:224341

TITLE:

Bleaching composition and method for bleaching a substrate such as laundered fabrics with atmospheric

oxygen or air

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 135:39981

[Cu(MeCN)4]ClO4 reacted with bis-2-(bis(2-(2-pyridyl)ethyl)amino)ethyl disulfide (L) or bis(2-bis(2-bis(6-methyl-2-pyridyl)methyl)amino)ethyl) disulfide (L1) gave [Cu2L](ClO4)2 (I) and [Cu2L1](ClO4)2 (II) whereas the reaction with bis-2(bis(2-pyridylmethyl)amino)ethyl disulfide (L2) gave [Cu2L32](ClO4)2 (III) (H2L3 = 2-(bis(2-pyridylmethyl)amino)ethylthiol) as a result of disulfide bond cleavage. I, II and III were characterized by single crystal structural anal. and cyclic voltammetry. I.MeCN is triclinic, space group P1, Z = 2, R = 0.129, Rw = 0.221. II is monoclinic, space group P2/n, Z = 2, R = 0.228, Rw = 0.189. III.MeCN is orthorhombic, space group Pna21, Z = 4, R = 0.075, Rw = 0.120. In I the Cu(I) atoms are tetrahedral whereas in II the Cu(I) atoms are distorted trigonal pyramidal. In III the Cu(II) atoms are square pyramidal. The preparation of L, L1 and L2 is described.

IT 343627-74-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and complexation with copper(I))

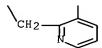
RN 343627-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N,N'-(dithiodi-2,1-ethanediyl)bis[3-methyl-N-[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

17

PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

INVENTOR(S):

Carina, Riccardo Filippo; Fox, Stephen Paul;

Kalmeijer, Robertus Everardus; Karlin, Kenneth Daniel;

Thijssen, Rob; Twisker, Robin Stefan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever NV; Hindustan Lever Limited

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

13

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ -----WO 2001016261 A2 20010308 WO 2000-EP8078 20000816 WO 2001016261 **A3** 20010830 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG WO 2000012667 A1 20000309 WO 1999-GB2876 19990901 AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG WO 2000012808 Α1 20000309 WO 1999-GB2878 19990901 W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2383935 20010308 AA CA 2000-2383935 20000816 EP 1208185 A2 20020529 EP 2000-953179 20000816 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL BR 2000013737 Α 20020604 BR 2000-13737 20000816 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .: WO 1999-GB2876 19990901 WO 1999-GB2878 19990901 W GB 2000-6961 Α 20000322 GB 1998-19046 Α 19980901 GB 1999-6474 Α 19990319 GB 1999-7713 Α 19990401

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:224341

AB Bleaching a substrate comprises applying to the substrate, in an aqueous medium, a specified ligand which forms a complex with a transition metal, for

GB 1999-7714

WO 2000-EP8078

Α

W

19990401

20000816

bleaching of the substrate by atmospheric O. An aqueous bleaching composition is substantially devoid of peroxygen bleach or a peroxy-based or peroxy-generating bleach system. The catalyst may be used in dry form, or in a liquor that is then dried, such as an aqueous spray-on fabric treatment fluid or a wash liquor for laundry cleaning, or a nonaq. dry cleaning fluid or spray-on aerosol fluid. A typical complex of tris(3-methylpyridin-2-yl methyl)amine ligand complex with Fe(ClO4)2.6H2O showed good performance (curry oil stained fabric  $\delta E$  17) in alkaline wash.

IT 202192-54-9D, iron and manganese complexes

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(composition for bleaching a laundered fabrics with atmospheric oxygen or

air)

RN 202192-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-methyl-N,N-bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (ligand; compn. for bleaching a laundered fabrics with atm. oxygen or air

L36 ANSWER 24 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:725738 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:311157

TITLE:

Composition containing transition metal complex for

catalytically bleaching laundry fabrics with

atmospheric oxygen

INVENTOR(S):

Appel, Adrianus Cornelis Maria; Delroisse, Michel Gilbert Jose; Hage, Ronald; Tetard, David; Twisker,

Robin Stefan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.; Hindustan Lever

Limited

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

13

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND						DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
						20001012 WO 2000-EP2587							20000322			
W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,
	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,

```
SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     WO 2000012667
                          Α1
                                 20000309
                                            WO 1999-GB2876
                                                                    19990901
             AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
             TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
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             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     WO 2000012808
                          A1
                                20000309
                                            WO 1999-GB2878
         W:
             AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
             TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1433840
                                20040630
                          Α1
                                            EP 2004-7615
                                                                    19990901
             BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT
     ZA 2001006939
                                20020822
                          Α
                                            ZA 2001-6939
                                                                    20010822
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            GB 1999-7713
                                                                   19990401
                                                                 Α
                                            GB 1999-7714
                                                                    19990401
                                            WO 1999-GB2876
                                                                 W
                                                                    19990901
                                            WO 1999-GB2878
                                                                 W
                                                                    19990901
                                            GB 2000-4858
                                                                 Α
                                                                    20000229
                                            GB 1998-19046
                                                                 Α
                                                                    19980901
                                            GB 1999-6474
                                                                    19990319
                                                                 Α
                                            EP 1999-943083
                                                                 A3 19990901
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 133:311157
```

The title method comprises applying to the substrate, in an aqueous bleaching composition containing a ligand complex with a transition metal, the complex catalyzing bleaching of the substrate by atmospheric O. Also the aqueous bleaching composition is substantially devoid of peroxygen bleach or a peroxybased or -generating bleach system. Tomato stained cloths were bleached in the presence of a cleaner containing surfactant and 10  $\mu M$  [Fe(N-methyl-N, N', N'- tris(3-methylpyridin-2-ylmethyl)ethylenediamine)Cl](PF6)(preparation given), showing a color difference (pH 8) 17; vs. 3 for a blank and 2 using peroxide source bleach.

#### ΙT 260395-29-7 302543-44-8

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(ligand; composition containing transition metal complex for catalytically bleaching laundry fabrics with atmospheric oxygen)

RN 260395-29-7 HCAPLUS

Ethanol, 2-[[2-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]ethyl][(3-methyl-2-CN pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 302543-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[[2-[bis[(3-ethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]ethyl][(3-ethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# IT 260395-26-4P 260395-27-5P 260395-28-6P 302542-62-7P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(ligand; composition containing transition metal complex for catalytically bleaching laundry fabrics with atmospheric oxygen)

RN 260395-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-methyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 260395-27-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-ethyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $Et$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

RN 260395-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $Ph$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $N$   $CH_2$   $N$   $CH_2$   $N$   $CH_2$   $N$   $N$   $N$ 

RN 302542-62-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 25 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

9

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:712977 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:281699

TITLE:

Preparation of isoquinoline derivatives as

phosphodiesterase V inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Ukita, Shinzo; Yamada, Koichiro; Ohmori, Kenji;

Yoshikawa, Kohei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 49 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

GI

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000281654	A2	20001010	JP 1999-83022	19990326
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-83022	19990326
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	133:281699		

I

AΒ The title compds. I [ring A = benzene ring with substituents; ring <math>B = benzene ring benzene r(un) substituted benzene ring; R1 = (un) substituted alkoxy, halo, etc.; R2 = CO2R3, etc.; R3 = H, etc.], useful as phosphodiesterase V inhibitors (no data) for the treatment of circulatory system diseases (no data), are prepared For example, the title compound II was prepared

IT 299170-44-8P

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of isoquinoline derivs. as phosphodiesterase V inhibitors)

RN 299170-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Isoquinolinecarboxamide, N-methyl-1-[methyl(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)amino]-N-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)-7-(2-pyridinylmethoxy)-4-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 92 of 128

L36 ANSWER 26 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:335516 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:336136

TITLE: Detergent bleaching composition for bleaching/cleaning

of fabrics

Delroisse, Michel Gilbert Jose; Feringa, Bernard INVENTOR(S):

Lucas; Hage, Ronald; Hermant, Roelant Mathijs;

Kalmeijer, Robertus Everardus; Koek, Jean Hypolites; Lamers, Christiaan; Rispens, Minze; Russell, Stephen William; Van Vliet, Ronaldus Theodorus Leonardus;

Whittaker, Jane

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever Plc, UK; Unilever Nv; Hindustan Lever Limited

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'									APPLICATION NO.									
WO	2000	0279	75														 9991	025
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EP	1008															1	9981	110
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			SI,								•	•	•	•	•	,	,	,
ES	2223	108			Т3		2005	0216	I	ΞS	19	98-3	3091	68		1	9981	110
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AU	7495	26			B2	:	2002	0627	1	ΔU	20	00-1	13780	)		1	9991	025
IN	1944	92			Α		2004	1113	]	ΙN	19	99-E	30749	9		1	9991	102
US	6165	963			Α	2	2000	1226									9991	103
PRIORITY																	9981	110
														24			9991	

### OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:336136

A detergent bleaching catalyst comprises a compound including a specified pentadentate N-containing ligand. The compound can activate H2O2 or peroxyacids and provides favorable stain removal properties, particularly in the presence of Fe, Mn or Cu ions. An improved stability in alkaline aqueous environment was obtained, in particular at the peroxy compound concns. generally present in the fabric washing liquor.

### ΙT 260395-26-4P 260395-27-5P 260395-28-6P 260395-29-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(ligand; metal complex bleach and oxidation catalysts for detergent)

RN 260395-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-methyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $Me$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $Me$   $Me$ 

RN 260395-27-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-ethyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 260395-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 260395-29-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[[2-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]ethyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 27 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:335113 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

132:323323

TITLE:

Metal complex bleach and oxidation catalysts Delroisse, Michel Gilbert Jose; Hage, Ronald;

Kalmeijer, Robertus Everardus; Lamers, Christiaan; Russell, Stephen William; Whittaker, Jane; Feringa, Bernard Lucas; Hermant, Roelant Mathijs; Koek, Jean Hypolites; Rispens, Minze Theunis; Van Vliet, Ronaldus

Theodorus Leonardus

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N.V.

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1001009 A1 20000517 EP 1998-309169	19981110
EP 1001009 B1 20030903	
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,
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ES 2206853 T3 20040516 ES 1998-309169	19981110
CA 2350571 AA 20000518 CA 1999-2350571	19991025
WO 2000027976 A1 20000518 WO 1999-EP8325	19991025
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EP 1129170 A1 20010905 EP 1999-955934	19991025
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TR 200101313 T2 20011022 TR 2001-20010131	.3 19991025
AU 749674 B2 20020704 AU 2000-12682	19991025
US 6140294 A 20001031 US 1999-433157	19991103
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1998-309169	A 19981110

Page 95 of 128

WO 1999-EP8325

19991025

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 132:323323

AB A bleach and oxidation catalyst is provided comprising a catalytically active iron, manganese or copper complex including a specified pentadentate nitrogencontaining ligand. The metal complex can activate hydrogen peroxide or peroxyacids and provides favorable stain removal properties. In addition, a considerably improved stability of these metal complex compds. in alkaline aqueous environment has been obtained, in particular at the peroxy compound concns. generally present in the fabric washing liquor.

IT 260395-26-4P 260395-27-5P 260395-28-6P 260395-29-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(ligand; metal complex bleach and oxidation catalysts)

RN 260395-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-methyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $Me$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $Me$   $Me$ 

RN 260395-27-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-ethyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
 Et  $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

RN 260395-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2-Ph$   $Me$   $CH_2-N-CH_2-CH_2-N-CH_2$ 

RN 260395-29-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[[2-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]ethyl][(3-methyl-2pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 28 OF 34 ACCESSION NUMBER:

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 2000:161523 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:209505

7

TITLE:

Bleaching fabrics by atmospheric oxygen in the presence of transition metal complex catalysts

INVENTOR(S):

Appel, Adrianus Cornelis Maria; Carina, Riccardo Filippo; Delroisse, Michel Gilbert Jose; Feringa, Bernard Lucas; Girerd, Jean-jacques; Hage, Ronald; Kalmeijer, Robertus Everardus; Martens, Constantinus Franciscus; Peelen, Jacobus Carolina Johannes; Que, Lawrence; Swarthoff, Ton; Tetard, David; Thornthwaite, David; Tiwari, Laxmikant; Thijssen, Rob; Twisker, Robin Stefan; Veerman, Simon Marinus; Van Der Voet,

Gerrit; Smith, Richard George

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever Plc, UK; Unilever Nv; Hindustan Lever Limited

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

13

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                                                 20000816
                                           US 2000-650134
                                                              A3 20000829
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:209505

AB Fabrics such as laundered fabrics are bleached by atmospheric O by treatment with transition metal complexes, that are applied in the dry form or in aqueous solns. (such as in laundering) or in nonaq. solns. (such in dry cleaning). The method can confer cleaning benefits to the textile after the treatment. A typical complex was manufactured by reaction of 2-pyridyl ketone oxime 1 h in EtOH-NH4OH containing NH4OAc with Zn at reflux, reaction of the resulting bis(pyridin-2-yl)methylamine 40 h with picolyl chloride hydrochloride in aqueous NaOH, reduction of the perchlorate salt of the 2nd intermediate with LiAlH4, lithiation of the 3rd intermediate with BuLi, methylation of 4th intermediate with MeI, and complexation of the resulting ligand with Fe(ClO4)2.6H2O.

IT 260395-26-4P 260395-27-5P 260395-28-6P

### 260395-29-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(ligand; compns. containing transition metal complex catalysts for bleaching laundered fabrics with atmospheric oxygen)

RN 260395-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-methyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

RN 260395-27-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-ethyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 260395-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2-Ph$   $Me$   $CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-N-CH_2$ 

RN 260395-29-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[[2-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]ethyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 29 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:161417 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:209503

TITLE: Composition and method for bleaching a substrate such

as laundered fabrics with atmospheric oxygen

INVENTOR(S): Appel, Adrianus Cornelis Maria; Carina, Riccardo

Filippo; Delroisse, Michel Gilbert Jose; Feringa, Bernard Lucas; Girerd, Jean-jacques; Hage, Ronald; Kalmeijer, Robertus Everardus; Martens, Constantinus Franciscus; Peelen, Jacobus Carolina Johannes; Que, Lawrence; Swarthoff, Ton; Tetard, David; Thornthwaite, David; Tiwari, Laxmikant; Thijssen, Rob; Twisker,

Robin Stefan; Veerman, Simon Marinus; Van Der Voet,

Gerrit

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unilever Plc, UK; Unilever Nv; Hindustan Lever Limited

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 13

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WO	2000-EP8144	W	20000817
US	2000-650134	A3	20000829

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 132:209503

AB A method of bleaching a substrate such as laundered fabrics is provided that comprises applying to the substrate, in an aqueous medium, an transition metal complex, so that the complex catalyzes bleaching of the substrate by atmospheric oxygen. A typical complex was manufactured by reaction of 2-pyridyl ketone oxime 1 h in EtOH-NH4OH containing NH4OAc with Zn at reflux, reaction of the resulting bis(pyridin-2-yl)methylamine 40 h with picolyl chloride hydrochloride in aqueous NaOH, reduction of the perchlorate salt of the 2nd intermediate with LiAlH4, lithiation of the 3rd intermediate with BuLi, methylation of 4th intermediate with MeI, and complexation of the resulting ligand with Fe(ClO4)2.6H2O.

# IT 260395-26-4P 260395-27-5P 260395-28-6P 260395-29-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(ligand; compns. containing transition metal complex catalysts for bleaching laundered fabrics with atmospheric oxygen)

RN 260395-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN

1,2-Ethanediamine, N-methyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 260395-27-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-ethyl-N,N',N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $Et$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $C$ 

RN 260395-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N,N'-tris[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-N'-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $Ph$   $Me$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $N$   $CH_2$   $N$   $N$ 

RN 260395-29-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[[2-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]ethyl][(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 30 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:66785 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:148788

TITLE:

Raman Signature of the Fe2O2 "Diamond" Core

AUTHOR(S): Wilkinson, Elizabeth C.: Do

Wilkinson, Elizabeth C.; Dong, Yanhong; Zang, Yan; Fujii, Hiroshi; Fraczkiewicz, Robert; Fraczkiewicz,

Grazyna; Czernuszewicz, Roman S.; Que, Lawrence, Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, University of Minnesota,

Minneapolis, MN, 55455, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of the American Chemical Society (1998),

120(5), 955-962

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors report the resonance Raman (RR) spectra of iron complexes containing the Fe2(µ-O)2 core. Frozen CH3CN solns. of the FeIIIFeIV intermediate [Fe2( $\mu$ -O)2L2](ClO4)3 [L = TPA, 5-Me3-TPA, 5-Me2-TPA, 5-MeTPA, 5-MeTP Et3-TPA, or 3-Me3-TPA; TPA = tris(2-pyridylmethyl)amine] show numerous resonance-enhanced vibrations, and among these, an oxygen-isotope-sensitive vibration around 667 cm-1 that shifts .apprx.30 cm-1 when the samples are allowed to exchange with 180H2, and whose Raman shift does not vary with Me substitution of the TPA ligand. Spectra of iron-isotope-substituted samples of  $[Fe2(\mu-0)2(L)2](Cl04)3$  (54Fe and 57Fe for L = TPA, and 54Fe and 58Fe for L = 5-Me3-TPA) show that this vibration is also iron-isotope-sensitive. These isotopic data taken together strongly suggest that this vibration involves motion of the Fe2( $\mu$ -O)2 core that is isolated from motions of the ligand. A frozen CH3CN solution of the diiron(III) complex [Fe2(μ-O)2(6-Me3-TPA)2](ClO4)2 (6-Me3-TPA = tris[(6-methyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]amine) shows one intense resonance-enhanced vibration at 692 cm-1 that shifts -30 cm-1 with 180 labeling. Normal coordinate anal. of the Fe2( $\mu$ -O)2 core in [Fe2( $\mu$ -O)2(5-Me3-TPA)2](Cl04)3 supports the assignment of the Fermi doublet centered around 666.2 cm-1 in the former and the peak at 692 cm-1 in the latter as a sym. vibration of this core. Also, the authors propose that this unique feature found at 650-700 cm-1 is indicative of a diamond core structure and is the Raman signature of an iron cluster containing this core.

TΤ 202192-54-9P, Tris(3-methyl-2-pyridylmethyl)amine

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(for preparation of iron oxo-bridged tris(pyridylmethyl)amine dinuclear complex)

RN 202192-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, 3-methyl-N, N-bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-(CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH_2$$
  $Me$   $CH_2$   $N$ 

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 42 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 31 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1996:22613 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:55811

TITLE: Preparation of quinoline derivatives as angiotensin II

antagonists

INVENTOR(S): O. Josho; Okazoe, Takashi; Morisawa, Yoshitomi; Inoe,

Yoshihisa; Nakamura, Norifumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Asahi Glass Co Ltd, Japan; Green Cross Corp

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

Japanese

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07238071	A2	19950912	JP 1994-28247	19940225
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-28247	19940225
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	124:55811		

AΒ The title compds. I [R1, R2 = H, alkyl, etc.; R3 = H, halo, etc.; R4 = H, halo, CONH2, etc.; R5 = CN, etc.; R6, R7 = H, alkyl, etc.] are prepared Et 2-[N-propyl-N-[2-[2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]quinolin-6yl]methylamino]nicotinate (II) was prepared in a multistep process starting with 5-methylisatin and 2-acetylbenzoic acid. In an in vitro test for angiotensin II antagonism, II showed IC50 < 10-6 M.

IT 172210-98-9P 172210-99-0P 172211-00-6P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of quinoline derivs. as angiotensin II antagonists)

RN 172210-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[propy1[2-[2-[2-(triphenylmethy1)-2Htetrazol-5-yl]phenyl]-6-quinolinyl]amino]methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 172210-99-0 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[propyl[2-[2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-6-quinolinyl]amino]methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 172211-00-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[propyl[2-[2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-6-quinolinyl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 32 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:995855 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:145927

TITLE:

Preparation of (aminoalkyl) quinoline or

(aminoalkyl) quinazoline antiinflammatories and

antiarthritics

INVENTOR(S):

Sohda, Takashi; Makino, Haruhiko; Baba, Atsuo

Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT	NO.			KIND		DATE		1	APPL	DATE						
								<del>-</del>									
WO 9524394					<b>A</b> 1	A1 19950914			1	WO 1	19950302						
	W:	W: AM, AU, BB,			BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	KG,	KR,	KZ,
							MG,										
		ТJ,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN										

Page 109 of 128

### 10/823,494

RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2184392 AA 19950914 CA 1995-2184392 19950302 AU 9518609 **A1** 19950925 AU 1995-18609 19950302 EP 749426 A1 19961227 EP 1995-910723 19950302 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE TW 384285 В 20000311 TW 1995-84101956 19950302 JP 08225531 A2 19960903 JP 1995-47377 19950307 US 5650410 Α 19970722 US 1995-416708 19950417 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1994-36864 19940308 JP 1994-39476 Α 19940310 JP 1994-316376 Α 19941220 WO 1995-JP330 19950302 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:145927

GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \text{(O)} k \\
 & \text{(CH2)} \text{ nN} \\
 & \text{R2}
\end{array}$$

I

The title compds. [I; Y = N, CG; G = (un)esterified carboxyl group; R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbon, (un)substituted heterocyclyl, etc.; ring A and ring B may optionally be substituted; n = 1-4; k = 0, 1], useful as antiinflammatories and antiarthritics, are prepared Thus, Et2NH was condensed with Et 2-chloromethyl-4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6,7- dimethoxyouinoline-3-carboxylate, producing Et 2-(N,N-diethylaminomethyl)-4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyouinoline-3-carboxylate, m.p. 130-131°, which demonstrated a 103% edema inhibitory rate in a rat adjuvant arthritis model.

IT 173253-29-7P

CN

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of (aminoalkyl)quinoline or (aminoalkyl)quinazoline antiinflammatories and antiarthritics)

RN 173253-29-7 HCAPLUS

3-Quinolinecarboxylic acid, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxy-2-[(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 33 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:147571 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:147571

TITLE:

Preparation of N-(2-pyridinesulfonyl)-N'-(2-

pyrimidinyl) urea derivatives as herbicides

INVENTOR(S):

Sakashita, Nobuyuki; Nakajima, Toshio; Murai, Shigeo;

Yoshida, Tsunezo; Nakamura, Yuji; Sawaki, Masahiko;

Motosawa, Shoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 31 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 04253974	A2	19920909	JP 1991-100628	19910205		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-100628	19910205		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	118:147571				
GI						

AB The title compds. (I; R1 = cycloalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, (un)substituted Ph, pyridyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazolyl, or piperazinyl; R2 = (halo)alkyl, cycloalkyl, Ph, PhCH2; R3 = H, halo, (halo)alkyl; X, Y = halo, alkyl, (halo)alkoxy; A = CH, N) are prepared by reaction of 2-pyridinesulfonamide derivs. (II; Z1 = NH2, isocyanato, NHCO2R4; R4 = alkyl, aryl; R1 - R3 = same as above)

### 10/823,494

with pyrimidine derivs. (III; 22 = NH2, when 21 = isocyanato or NHCO2R4; 22 = isocyanato or NHCO2R4, when 21 = NH2). Thus, cyanation of 2,6-dibromopyridine with CuCN in refluxing DMF and hydrolysis of the resulting 2-bromo-6-cyanopyridine with aqueous NaOH followed by acidification gave 6-bromopicolinic acid. Chlorination of the latter compound with POCl3 under reflux, condensation of the product with N-tert-butyl-6-methylaminopyridine-2-ylsulfonamide in CH2Cl2 containing Et3N, and deprotection of the resulting 6-bromo-N-(6-tert-butylaminosulfonylpyridin-2-yl)-N-methylpicolinamide to 6-bromo-N-(6-aminosulfonylpyridin-2-yl)-N-methylpicolinamide followed by carbamoylation with Ph 2,4- dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl carbamate gave I (R1 = 6-bromo-2-pyridyl, R2 = Me, R3 = H, X = Y = OMe, A = CH) (IV). IV at 0.31 g/are postemergence completely controlled Ipomoea and Amaranthus retroflexus. A total of 82 I were prepared and were also effective for controlling Sida spinosa and Echinochloa crus-galli.

IT 146371-79-1P 146371-80-4P 146371-86-0P 146372-05-6P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)

RN 146371-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 3-chloro-N-[6-[[[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-pyridinyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146371-80-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 3-chloro-N-[6-[[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-pyridinyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146371-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-[6-[[[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-pyridinyl]-N-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146372-05-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 3-chloro-N-[6-[[[[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-pyridinyl]-N-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 146372-44-3P 146372-61-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as intermediate for (pyridinesulfonyl)pyrimidinylurea herbicide)

RN 146372-44-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-[6-(aminosulfonyl)-2-pyridinyl]-3-chloro-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2N = \begin{array}{c} O & Me & O \\ \hline & N & N & C \\ \hline & & C1 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 146372-61-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-[6-(aminosulfonyl)-2-pyridinyl]-3-chloro-N-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L36 ANSWER 34 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:421848 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:21848

TITLE: New antitussive isoquinoline derivatives

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): CIBA Ltd. SOURCE: Fr. M., 10 pp. CODEN: FMXXAJ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	FR 3782		19660131	FR	
	BE 644126			BE	
	CH 449013			СН	
	FR 1389737			FR	
	FR 1389738			FR	
	GB 1021525			GB ·	
	GB 1021526			GB	
	US 3277085		19660000	US	
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH	19630121
	•			CH	19640121

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 67:21848

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

New antitussive isoquinoline derivs. with general formula (I) are prepared A AB mixture of 9 g. 1-chloro-3-chloromethyl-4-methylisoquinoline (II) and 40 cc. piperidine (III) is heated in a sealed tube 8 hrs. at 150°, the reaction mixture concentrated in vacuo, treated with water, and extracted with CH2Cl2, the extract dried and evaporated to dryness, and the residue in CHCl3 passed through activated alumina to give 4-methyl-1-piperidino-3piperidinomethylisoquinoline, m. 111° (water-EtOH). The following products are prepared in a similar way (starting materials, reaction time, reaction temperature, final product, m.p., derivs., and m.p. given): II (9 g.), pyrrolidine (40 cc.), 8 hrs., 150°, 4-methyl-1-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-3- (1pyrrolidinylmethyl)isoquinoline, -, hydrochloride, 239°; II (8 g.), Nmethylpiperazine (IV) (50 cc.), 8 hrs., 150°, 4-methyl-1-(N'methylpiperazino)-3-(N'-methylpiperazinomethyl)isoquinoline , 110-11°, hydrochloride, 238°; II (8 g.), N-( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyl)piperazine (40 cc.), 8 hrs., 150°, 4-methyl-1-[N'-( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyl)piperazino]-3-[N'-( $\beta$ hydroxyethyl)piperazinomethyl]isoquinoline, 112°, hydrochloride, 262° (decomposition); II (6 g.), Et2NH (15 cc.), 8 hrs., 150°, 4-methyl-1diethylamino-3-diethylaminomethylisoquinoline, -, dimaleate, 109-11°; II (4.5 g.), ethanolamine (15 cc.), 3 hrs., 130°, 4-methyl-1-(β-hydroxyethylamino)-3- $(\beta$ - hydroxyethylaminomethyl)isoquinoline, -, hydrochloride, 252-4°; II (5 g.), N-carbethoxypiperazine (V) (20 cc.), 6 hrs., 140°, 4-methyl-1-(N'carbethoxypiperazino)-3-(N'-carbethoxypiperazinomethyl)isoq uinoline, 90-2°, -, -; II (5 g.), 2-methylpiperidine (20 cc.), 6 hrs., 140°, 1-chloro-4-methyl-3-(2-methylpiperidinomethyl)isoquinol ine (VI), 106-8°, -, -; VI (6 g.), morpholine (VII) (20 cc.), 14 hrs., 170°, 4-methyl-1-morpholino-3-(2methylpiperidinomethyl)isoquinoline, 103-4°, -, -; 1-chloro-3-chloromethyl-4methyl-5-nitroisoquinoline (VIII) (2 g.), VII (10 cc.), 2 hrs., 120°, 4methyl-1-morpholino-3-morpholinomethyl-5- nitroisoquinoline (IX), 145-6°, -, -; VIII (2.5 g.), III (10 cc.), 2.5 hrs., 80°, 4-methyl-5-nitro-1-piperidino-3-

piperidinomethylisoquinoline, 104-6°, -, -; VIII (2.5 g.), p-anisidine (4.55 g.), EtOH (80 cc.), 4 hrs., reflux, 1-p-anisidino-3-p- anisidinomethyl-4methyl-5-nitroisoquinoline, 183-5°, -, -; 1,7-dichloro-3-chloromethyl-4methylisoquinoline (X) (4 g.), VII (50 cc.), 4 hrs., reflux, 7-chloro-4methyl-1-morpholino-3- morpholinomethylisoquinoline, 120°, maleate, -; VIII (5 g.), III (8 cc.), EtOH (75 cc.), 1 hr., reflux, 1-chloro-4-methyl-5-nitro-3piperidinomethylisoquinoline, 67-79°, -, -; II (4.5 g.), III (15 cc.), 2 hrs., 80°, 1-chloro-4-methyl-3- piperidinomethylisoquinoline, 79-80°, -, -; VIII (3.5 g.), IV (2.58 g.), EtOH (100 cc.), 2 hrs., reflux, 1-chloro-3-(N'methylpiperazinomethyl)-4-methyl-5-nitroisoquinoline, 173-5°, -, -; VIII (4 g.), V (10 cc.), EtOH (75 cc.), 1 hr., reflux, 1-chloro-3-(N'carbethoxypiperazinomethyl)-4-methyl-5-nitroisoquinoline, 127-8°, -, -; VIII (2.71 g.), diethanolamine (4.5 g.), dioxane (50 cc.), 3 hrs., reflux, 1chloro-3-[bis( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyl)aminomethyl]-4- methyl-5-nitroisoquinoline, 110-12°, -, -; II (5.0 g.), 4-methylpiperidine (5.5 cc.), 2 hrs., 80°, 1-chloro-3-(4- methylpiperidinomethyl)-4-methylisoquinoline, 83-5°, -, -; II (5.0 g.), concentrated aqueous NH3 (80 cc.), hydrated CuSO4 (1.0 g.), 30 hrs., 140°, bis(1-chloro-4-methyl-3-isoquinolylmethyl)amine, 131-2°, -, -; II (5.0 g.), N-(γ-aminopropyl)morpholine (6.5 g.), 2 hrs., 100°, N,N-bis(1-chloro-4-methyl-3isoquinolylmethyl)-N- (γ-morpholinopropyl)amine, 110-12°, -, -. Some starting materials and other products are prepared as follows: II (6 q.) is added slowly with stirring to a cooled mixture of 15 cc. concentrated H2SO4 and 15 cc. fuming HNO3 and the mixture stirred 1.5 hrs. below 5° and poured over a mixture of ice and water to precipitate VIII, m 104-5° (EtOH). A mixture of 4 g. IX, 0.3 g. Pd-C and 150 cc. 95% EtOH is hydrogenated 1.5 hrs. to give 5amino-4-methyl-1-morpholino-3-morpholinomethylisoquinoline (XI), m. 134-5° (EtOH). A solution of 1.6 g. NaNO2 in 5 cc. water is added slowly to a cooled solution of 8 g. XI in 6 cc. concentrated HCl and 6 cc. water, the resulting solution poured into a cooled solution of Cu2Cl2 (prepared from 8 g. CuSO4) and then is heated at 60°, and the precipitate suspended in 25 cc. water, alkalinized, and extracted with CHCl3 to give 5-chloro-4-methyl-1- morpholino-3-morpholinomethylisoquinoline, m. 104°. 4,4-Dimethylhomophthalimide (15 g.) is added slowly with stirring to a cooled (-10°) mixture of 30 cc. concentrated H2SO4 and 30 cc. fuming HNO3 and the mixture stirred 1 hr. below .20° and poured over a mixture of ice and water to precipitate 4,4-dimethyl-7nitrohomophthalimide (XII), m. 209-11° (EtOH). A mixture of 23.4 g. XII, 0.5 g. Pd-C, and 200 cc. MeOH is hydrogenated at 50°/3.4 atmospheric .apprx.1.5 hrs. to give 4,4-dimethyl-7-aminohomophthalimide (XIII), m. 176-9° (MeOH). Concentrated H2SO4 (26 g.) is added slowly to a mixture of 20 g. XIII and 90 cc. water, and cooled at 0°, 8.4 g. NaNO2 in 24 cc. water added slowly to it, and this mixture is added slowly to a solution of Cu2Cl2 (prepared from 33.4 g. CuSO4), and the mixture heated at  $60^{\circ}$  30 min., cooled, diluted with water, and extracted with CHCl3 to give 4,4-dimethyl-7- chlorohomophthalimide (XIV), m. 200° (EtOH). A mixture of 10 g. XIV, 0.5 cc. water, and 40 cc. POC13 is heated in a sealed tube at 200° 5 hrs. to give X, m. 135° (hexane-CHCl3). Some recipes for the preparation of pharmacol. compns. are also given.

IT 14657-55-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 14657-55-7 HCAPLUS

CN Isoquinoline, 3,3'-[[(3-morpholinopropyl)imino]dimethylene]bis[1-chloro-4-methyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L4 3536 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2 L6 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L6

L9 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8

=> d ibib abs hitstr 19 tot

ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:878165 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:379809

TITLE:

Preparation of pyridine derivatives as CXCR4 chemokine

receptor binding compounds

INVENTOR(S):

Bridger, Gary; McEachern, Ernest J.; Skerlj, Renato;

Schols, Dominique

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 211 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DA				APPL	ICAT:	ION 1	. D.	DATE				
US	2004	2099:	21		A1		2004	1021		US 2	004-	8234	94		2	0040	412	
CA	2520	259			AA 20041028				CA 2	004-	2520	20040412						
WO	2004	0915	18		A2 20041028			1	WO 2	004-1	US11:	20040412						
WO	2004	0915	18		A3 20041223													
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
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		BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	
		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	
		SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	
		TD,	TG															
EP	1613	613			A2		2006	0111		EP 2	004-	7594	81	20040412				
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	HR
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 2	003-	4627	36P		P 2	0030	111	
									US 2003-505688P						P 20030923			
									WO 2004-US11328						W 20040412			
OTHER S	THER SOURCE(S):						141:	37980	09									•

GI

AB Title compds. I  $[X = (CR32) \circ -(CR3=CR3) \circ -(CR32) \circ -NR52, (CR32) \circ -R4,$ (un) substituted mono or bicyclic ring optionally containing N, O or S, etc.; Y = (un) substituted N-containing monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic or partially aromatic moiety; A and R1 = non-interfering substituent provided that two As do not form a ring; R2 and R3 = H or (un) substituted alkyl; R4 = (un) substituted heterocycle or a hetero compound; R5 = H or alkyl; wherein R1 and R2 is not H; and wherein R1 and R2 may be connected to form an addnl. ring . if Y does not contain a 2-imidazoyl residue optionally connected to an addnl. ring; q and n independently = 0-4; p = 0-1; o and r independently = 1-4; s = 1-6 provided that if X = (CR3)2-R4, r is at least two if R4 = 2-pyridinyl, quinolinyl, imidazolyl or furan], as well as their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as having the ability to bind to chemokine receptors, in particular CXCR4. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by reductive amination of {4-[(3-methylpyridin-2-ylmethyl)-amino]- butyl}carbamic acid tert-Bu ester (preparation given) with 3-benzyloxypyrazine- 2-carbaldehyde. The present invention also relates to methods of using such compds., such as in treating HIV infection and inflammatory conditions such as rheumatoid arthritis. In assays to evaluate inhibition of HIV-1, many compds. of the invention exhibited IC50 values in the range of 0.5nM-5µM. Furthermore, the present invention relates to methods to elevate progenitor and stem cell counts, as well as methods to elevate white blood cell counts, using such compds.

### IT 780796-24-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of pyridine derivs. as CXCR4 chemokine receptor  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($ 

binding compds.)

RN 780796-24-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[2-[((4-aminobutyl))[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]methyl]-3-pyridinyl]-, tetrahydrobromide (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

•4 HBr

=> file marpat
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FILE CONTENT: 1961-PRESENT VOL 145 ISS 16 (20061013/ED)

SOME MARPAT RECORDS ARE DERIVED FROM INPI DATA FOR 1961-1987

MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES (COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

US 7108861 19 SEP 2006 DE 102005006940 24 AUG 2006 EP 1690960 16 AUG 2006 JΡ 2006222260 24 AUG 2006 WO 2006089024 24 AUG 2006 GB 2423085 16 AUG 2006 FR 2882054 18 AUG 2006 RU 2281953 20 AUG 2006 CA 2492565 13 JUL 2006

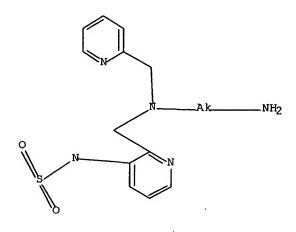
Expanded G-group definition display now available.

=> d que 115 L2 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. 3536 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

L4L6

STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L8 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L6 L9 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8

L13 4 SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L6

L14 3 SEA FILE=MARPAT ABB=ON PLU=ON L13/COM L15 3 SEA FILE=MARPAT ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 NOT L9

=> d ibib abs qhit 115 tot

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 3 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

139:281335 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE:

Technetium-dipyridine and other complexes as

radiopharmaceuticals

INVENTOR(S):

Babich, John W.; Maresca, Kevin P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Biostream, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND						DATE			Α	PPLI	CATI	ON N	0.	DATE				
										_								
	WO	WO 2003077727 A2					2003	0925		WO 2003-US7328 20030311								
	WO 2003077727 A3							0040902										
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			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
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                                           AU 2003-213819
                                                             20030311
    EP 1482985
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                            20041208
                                           EP 2003-711512
                                                             20030311
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     JP 2005519957
                       T2
                            20050707
                                           JP 2003-575786
                                                             20030311
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2002-363142P 20020311
                                           WO 2003-US7328
                                                             20030311
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AB One aspect of the invention relates to novel complexes of technetium (Tc) with various heteroarom. ligands, e.g., pyridyl and imidazolyl ligands, and their use in radiopharmaceuticals for a variety of clin. diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Another aspect of the invention relates to novel pyridyl ligands that form a portion of the aforementioned complexes. Methods for the preparation of the technetium complexes are also described. Another aspect of the invention relates to novel pyridyl ligands based on derivatized lysine, alanine and bis-amino acids for conjugation to small peptides by solid phase synthetic methods. Addnl., the invention relates to methods for imaging regions of a mammal using the complexes of the invention.

#### MSTR 1

G1 = 16

G2 = 30

36(0)-G6

G6 = carbon chain (opt. substd. by G7)
G7 = NH2

G12 = (0-6) CH2

G13 = 100

100 SO2-R

G25 = 10

Patent location:

claim 1

Note:

or complexes with G23

Note: also incorporates claim 24

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 3 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:232446 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE:

Preparation of aminodicarboxylic acids for the

treatment of cardiovascular diseases

INVENTOR(S):

Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Haerter, Michael; Hahn, Michael; Pernerstorfer, Josef; Weigand, Stefan;

Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Wunder, Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany PCT Int. Appl., 159 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION: 

	PA'	rent :	NO.		KIND DAT									DATE					
					A.	2				WO 2002-EP1891 20020222									
	WO	2002																	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
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								YU,				•	•	•			,	,	
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	US	2004	0827	98	Al 20040429					US 2003-469817 2003					2003	1222			
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					DE 2001-10110750					20010307				
										W	20	02-E	2189	l	20020	222			
CT																			

- \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*
- AB Title compds. I [Z = saturated or partially unsatd. Ph, aromatic, heteroarom. containing 1-3 heteroatoms, e.g., S, N, O; V = absent, O, NR4, etc; O = absent, (un) substituted alkylene, alkendiyl, etc.; Y = H, (un) substituted aryl, NR8R9, etc.; W = (un)substituted alkylene, alkendiyl; U = (un) substituted alkyl; A = (un) substituted aryl, heteroarom. containing 1-3 heteroatoms, e.g., S, N, O; X = (un) substituted alkylene, alkendiyl, aryl, etc.; R1 = tetrazolyl, COOR30, CONR31R32 ; R2 = tetrazolyl, COOR24, CONR25R26, R25 and R26 form 5 or 6-membered ring which can be interrupted by 0 or N; R3 =  $\frac{1}{2}$ H, halo, (un) substituted alkyl, etc.; R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R8, R9 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, etc; R24 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl; R25, R26 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R30 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl; R31, R32 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; m = 1-4; n = 1-2] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared For example, Pd(Ph3)2Cl2 mediated coupling of aryl bromide II, prepared from 3,4-bis(chloromethyl) - 2,5-dimethyl thiophene in 5-steps, with 2,4-dichlorophenyl boronic acid, followed by ester hydrolysis afforded aminodicarboxylate III. In vitro artery ring vasorelaxation activity of 7examples of I are reported, with IC50 values ranging from 125-2 nM, e.g., aminodicarboxylate III IC50 = 2 nM. Compds. I stimulated the activation of soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC) independent of the heme group.

### MSTR 1A

$$G1 = 204-2 \ 205-3$$

$$G2 = 5-1 6-4$$

G5---G3

 $G5 = 18-1 \ 19-6$ 

G10 = C(0)

G12 = CH2

 $G13 = 105-33 \ 106-35$ 

G18 = alkylene <containing 1-12 C>

(opt. substd. by 1 or more G19)

G20 = 48 / 51

G25 = CH

Patent location:

claim 1

Note:

additional derivatization also claimed

and salts

Stereochemistry:

and stereoisomers

## MSTR 1B

$$G1 = 204-2 \ 205-3$$

$$G7 = 25$$

G8 = 28

038----G9

G10 = C(O)G12 = CH2

 $G13 = 105-33 \ 106-35$ 

106 105 N

G18 = alkylene <containing 1-12 C> (opt. substd. by 1 or more G19)

G20 = 48 / 51

46(0)-0—G15 G16 56(0)N—G16

G25 = CH

Patent location:

Note: additional derivatization also claimed

Note: and salts

Stereochemistry: and stereoisomers

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 120:107009 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: 6-Amino-substituted imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine angiotensin

II antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Greenlee, William J.; Kim, Dooseop; Mantlo, Nathan B.;

Pastchett, Arthur A.; Rivero, Ralph A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 32 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 516,286.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE				A.	PPLI	CATI	ои и	0.	DATE				
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US	5332	744		Α		19940726			U:	US 1990-516286				19900504			
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						SD,					-	-		•	·	•	•
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						CI,										•	•
AU									AU 1993-42437								
EP	P 640084		A1 1995030		0301		E	EP 1993-911232				1993	0511				
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	9403					19940812			F	I 19	94-3	730		1994	0812		
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									F	[ 19	90-2	661		1990	0529		
									US	5 199	92-8	8145	3	1992	0511		
									WC	199	93-U	S443	8	1993	0511		
GI																	

$$R^{5}$$
 $R^{7}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 

The title compds. I [R1 = (un)substituted SO2NHCOR23; R23 = aryl, heteroaryl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted NH2, etc.; R2, R3 = H, Cl, Br, iodo, F, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C1-6 alkoxy, polyfluoro C1-4 alkyl, aryl, C1-6 alkoxyalkyl; R4, R7 = H, C1-5 alkyl, C1-5 polyfluoroalkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, iodo, F, C1-5 alkoxy, etc.; R5 = (un)substituted NH2, morpholino, heterocyclyl, etc.; R6 = (un)substituted C1-9 alkyl, (un)substituted C2-6 alkenyl, (un)substituted C2-6 alkynyl, polyfluoro C1-4 alkyl, etc.], useful as angiotensin II receptor antagonists (no data), are prepared Thus, 2-butyl-3-[[2'-[[(3- cyclopentyl-1- oxopropyl)amino]sulfonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]methyl]-6-[(1- oxopentyl)amino]-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine was prepared from 2-amino-3-nitropyridine in 5 steps.

G6 = alkyl <containing 1-6 C> (opt. substd. by G7)

G7 = pyridyl

G8 = alkyl <containing 1-7 C> (opt. substd. by G9)

G9 = NH2G11 = 95

₿Ы——SO2—СF3

G23 = 118

Derivative:

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts claim  ${\bf 1}$ 

Patent location:

MSTR 1B

```
G6 = alkyl <containing 1-6 C> (opt. substd. by G7)
```

G7 = pyridyl

G8 = alkyl <containing 1-7 C> (opt. substd. by G9)

G9 = NH2

G12 = 58-7 59-54

Page 127 of 128

$$G23 = 118$$

Derivative:
Patent location:

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts claim 1

### MSTR 1C

G7 = pyridyl

G8 = alkyl <containing 1-7 C> (opt. substd. by G9)

G9 = NH2

G15 = 76-778-72

$$G23 = 118$$

Derivative:

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

Patent location: claim 1